Attachment 9



Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Boulder City, Nevada

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Boulder City, Nevada, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Boulder City, Nevada, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of changes in the net OPEB liability and related ratios, the schedule of statutorily required OPEB contributions, the schedule of the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, the schedule of proportionate share of statutorily required contributions, budgetary comparison information and notes to the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Boulder City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements and individual major, nonmajor, and enterprise fund budgetary comparison schedules, statistical section, and schedule of fees imposed subject to the provision of NRS 354.5989 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining statements and individual major, nonmajor, and enterprise fund budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and individual major, nonmajor, and enterprise fund budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, statistical section, and the schedule of fees imposed subject to the provisions of NRS 354.6989 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HintonBurdick, PLLC Mesquite, Nevada

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September 29, 2021



Management's Discussion and Analysis

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

As management of the City of Boulder City (the City), we offer readers of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented in conjunction with additional information provided in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

Total Primary Government Summary of Selected Financial Information

	2021	2020	Change	
Cash, cash equivalents and				
investments	\$ 123,253,166 \$	93,083,473 \$	30,169,693	
Capital assets, net	179,158,354	188,610,699	(9,452,345)	
Bonds and capital leases				
payable	21,749,000	23,601,401	(1,852,401)	
Other postemployment				
benefits obligation	1,117,182	1,159,543	(42,361)	
Net pension liability	34,735,265	33,532,318	1,202,947	
Total net position	245,537,848	229,862,388	15,675,460	
Charges for services	67,004,305	57,391,502	9,612,803	
Property taxes	3,008,827	2,598,100	410,727	
Intergovernmental shared				
revenues, unrestricted	11,930,028	11,172,736	757,292	
Total expenses	70,341,119	66,025,116	4,316,003	
Change in net position	24,819,589	30,755,661	(5,936,072)	

Financial Statement Overview

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as uncollected taxes.

Governmental activities, supported primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are distinguished from activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of costs through user fees and charges.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The City's governmental activities include those associated with general government, public safety (police, fire and animal control) judicial, public works, community development and culture and recreation. The business-type activities include utility, aviation and cemetery operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in the "Basic Financial Statements" section of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain accounting control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the City's funds are classified as governmental or proprietary (enterprise) funds. The City does not currently maintain any internal service or fiduciary funds.

The governmental and proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the "Basic Financial Statements" section of this report.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at fiscal year-end. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of fund financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains sixteen governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and each major governmental fund, as defined by applicable financial reporting standards. Information for the remaining non-major governmental funds is aggregated for financial reporting purposes with individual fund data provided in the other supplementary information section of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains three enterprise funds, which are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its utility, aviation and cemetery activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the utility and aviation funds, which are major funds, as defined by applicable financial reporting standards. Information for the cemetery fund (the City's only non-major proprietary fund) is presented similar to a major fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is considered essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the basic financial statements can be found in the "Basic Financial Statements" section of this report.

Required and Other Supplementary Information

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for each of its funds and budgetary comparison information has been provided to demonstrate the City's compliance with these budgets. Certain information related to the City's net pension liability and other postemployment benefit obligation is also presented.

The required and other supplementary information can be found immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements in this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Summary Statement of Net Position											
		Governmental A	Activities	Business-type	Activities	Total Primary Government					
	2021		2020	2021	2020	2021	2020				
Assets											
Current, restricted and other	\$	72,001,805 \$	55,856,888 \$	64,556,275 \$	54,474,945 \$	136,558,080 \$	110,331,833				
Capital	_	97,645,191	102,653,158	81,513,163	85,957,541	179,158,354	188,610,699				
Total assets	-	169,646,996	158,510,046	146,069,438	140,432,486	315,716,434	298,942,532				
Deferred outflows of resources		5,976,861	6,597,202	1,173,466	1,514,800	7,150,327	8,112,002				
Liabilities											
Current		9,686,137	8,442,452	4,741,863	4,023,732	14,428,000	12,466,184				
Long-term	-	33,012,507	30,895,532	27,516,129	30,187,056	60,528,636	61,082,588				
Total liabilities	_	42,698,644	39,337,984	32,257,992	34,210,788	74,956,636	73,548,772				
Deferred inflows of resources		1,982,954	2,963,027	389,323	680,347	2,372,277	3,643,374				
Net position Net investment in											
capital assets		97,645,191	102,546,757	59,764,163	62,462,541	157,409,354	165,009,298				
Restricted		21,139,407	1,581,593	1,850,996	2,691,500	22,990,403	4,273,093				
Unrestricted		12,157,661	18,677,887	52,980,430	41,902,110	65,138,091	60,579,997				
Total net position	\$	130,942,259 \$	122,806,237 \$	114,595,589 \$	107,056,151 \$	245,537,848 \$	229,862,388				

By far, the largest portion, approximately 64.11%, of the City's net position is its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure, art, utility delivery systems and machinery, furniture and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire these assets, which are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future expenditures. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		S	Summary Changes	in Net Position				
	(Governmental A	Activities	Business-type /	Activities	Total Primary Government		
	2021		2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$	30,646,291 \$	23,678,615 \$	36,358,014 \$	33,712,887 \$	67,004,305 \$	57,391,502	
Operating grants and								
contributions		3,789,848	1,716,862	849,740		4,639,588	1,716,862	
Capital grants and								
contributions		1,967,260	16,989,012	2,919,134	366,453	4,886,394	17,355,46	
General revenues								
Property taxes		3,008,827	2,598,100			3,008,827	2,598,10	
Room taxes		283,205	528,543			283,205	528,543	
Other taxes		486,491	483,016		941,208	486,491	1,424,224	
Intergovernmental shared								
revenues, unrestricted		11,930,028	11,172,736			11,930,028	11,172,736	
Other		2,712,781	3,771,971	209,089	821,374	2,921,870	4,593,34	
Total revenues		54,824,731	60,938,855	40,335,977	35,841,922	95,160,708	96,780,77	
Expenses								
General government		5,060,003	4,715,491			5,060,003	4,715,49	
Public safety		16,201,652	15,728,583			16,201,652	15,728,583	
Judicial		1,200,531	1,212,478			1,200,531	1,212,47	
Public works		9,952,838	8,911,482			9,952,838	8,911,482	
Culture and recreation		7,374,013	7,144,713			7,374,013	7,144,71	
Community development		2,297,214	1,177,931			2,297,214	1,177,93	
Interest on long-term debt		4,412	8,648			4,412	8,64	
Utility		34733	~*************************************	26,168,815	25,241,410	26,168,815	25,241,41	
Aviation				1,973,023	1,796,804	1,973,023	1,796,80	
Cemetery				108,618	87,576	108,618	87,576	
Total expenses	2	42,090,663	38,899,326	28,250,456	27,125,790	70,341,119	66,025,110	
Change in net position before								
transfers		12,734,068	22,039,529	12,085,521	8,716,132	24,819,589	30,755,66	
Transfers		(3,150,000)	(3,490,000)	3,150,000	3,490,000			
Change in net position	·	9,584,068	18,549,529	15,235,521	12,206,132	24,819,589	30,755,66	
Net position								
Beginning of year								
As previously reported	31	22,806,237	104,256,708	107,056,151	94,850,019	229,862,388	199,106,72	
Adjustment		(1,448,046)	104,230,700	(7,696,083)	24,030,019	(9,144,129)	199,100,72	
As adjusted		21,358,191	104,256,708	99,360,068	94,850,019	220,718,259	199,106,72	
As aujusteu		21,330,171	104,230,708	22,300,008	24,030,019	220,710,239	199,100,72	
Net position, end of year	\$ 13	30,942,259 \$	122,806,237 \$	114,595,589 \$	107,056,151 \$	245,537,848 \$	229,862,388	

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by 3.90% in the current fiscal year compared to 8.07% in the prior year. Key elements of this increase were as follows:

Charges for services increased \$6,967,676 (29.43%), primarily due to new land leases and scheduled increases in land and other lease revenues.

Operating grants and contributions increased \$2,072,986 (120.74%), due to the receipt of additional federal grant revenue.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

A gain on disposal of capital assets was recognized \$2,478,953, due to a land sale.

Total expenses increased \$3,191,331 (8.20%), as a result of COVID-19 related costs and normal fluctuation in day-to-day operational costs, which were offset by a reduction in seasonal part-time positions that were not filled because the program/service was not offered and a hiring freeze for full-time employee positions that were not considered to be critical to City operations.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by 6.20% in the current fiscal year compared to 5.31% in the prior year. Key elements of this increase were as follows:

Charges for services increased \$2,645,127 (7.85%) primarily due to the addition of new water customer revenues.

Operating grants and contributions increased by \$849,740 (100.00%), due to the receipt of additional federal grant revenue.

Capital grants and contributions increased by \$2,552,681 (696.59%), primarily as a result of capital contributions intergovernmental revenues.

Expenses increased by \$1,124,666 (4.15%), as a result of normal fluctuation in day-to-day operational costs, which were offset by a hiring freeze for full-time employee positions that were not considered to be critical to City operations.

Governmental Fund Financial Analysis

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending. In addition to the general fund, the capital improvement special revenue fund was considered to be a major fund, as defined by applicable accounting standards.

At fiscal year end, the City's governmental funds reported a total combined fund balance of \$62,395,013, an increase of 28.89% in comparison to the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At year end, total fund balance was \$24,586,885, an increase of 0.12% in comparison to the prior year. This increase is primarily attributable to the receipt of additional federal grants, new land leases and scheduled increases in land and other lease revenues, a reduction in seasonal part-time positions that were not filled because the program/service was not offered and a hiring freeze for full-time employee positions that were not considered to be critical to City operations, which were offset by increased costs related to COVID-19 and transfers to non-major governmental funds.

At fiscal year end, the capital improvement special revenue fund reported total fund balance of \$14,682,133, an increase of 25.74% in comparison to the prior year, all of which is restricted for capital improvement projects. This increase is primarily attributable to a land sale.

The aggregate non-major governmental funds, which includes 13 non-major special revenue funds and the non-major acquisitions and improvements capital projects fund, have a total combined fund balance of \$23,125,995, an increase of 89.96% in comparison to the prior year, all of which is either restricted, committed or assigned for specific purposes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Proprietary Fund Financial Analysis

The City's proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The utility and aviation enterprise funds were both considered to be major funds, as defined by applicable accounting standards.

The utility fund reported total net position of \$91,925,017, an increase of 9.26% in comparison to the prior year, of which \$40,267,306 represents the fund's net investment in capital assets. This increase is primarily attributable to the addition of new water customer revenues, which were offset by a hiring freeze for full-time employee positions that were not considered to be critical to City operations.

The aviation fund reported total net position of \$21,557,264, a decrease of 1.57% in comparison to the prior year, of which \$19,358,212 represents the fund's net investment in capital assets. This decrease is primarily attributable to normal fluctuation in day-to-day operational costs.

The City's sole non-major enterprise fund (the cemetery fund) reported total net position of \$1,113,308, an increase of 8.84% in comparison to the prior year, of which \$138,645 represents the fund's net investment in capital assets and \$401,128 is restricted for the perpetual care of the cemetery. This increase is primarily due to normal fluctuation in day-to-day operational costs.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

	Summary of Budge	tary Information				
		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	
Total revenues	\$	\$ 26,180,522 \$		41,836,908 \$	13,602,032	
Total Expenditures		32,816,328	34,851,638	30,583,574	4,268,064	
Total Fund Balance, end of year		8,015,690	6,719,789	24,586,885	17,867,096	

During the year:

Revenues were higher than the final budgetary estimate primarily due the receipt of additional federal grant revenue, new land leases and scheduled increases in land and other lease revenues.

Expenditures were less than the final budgetary estimate as a result of a reduction in seasonal part-time positions that were not filled because the program/service was not offered and a hiring freeze for full-time employee positions that were not considered to be critical to City operations.

Additional information on the City's general fund budget can be found in Note 2 to the basic financial statements and the required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements in this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Capital Assets

Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization

		Governmental A	Activities	Business-type A	Activities	Total Primary Government		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
			(Restated)		(Restated)		(Restated)	
Construction in progress	\$	1,084,457 \$	17,512,630 \$	8,658,831 \$	8,066,853 \$	9,743,288 \$	25,579,483	
Land		27,803,830	28,112,512	606,375	606,375	28,410,205	28,718,887	
Buildings and building improvements		7,170,943	7,297,933	1,541,962	64,183	8,712,905	7,362,116	
Improvements other than buildings		18,329390	20,763,226	17,883,823	19,361,581	36,231,213	40,414,807	
Machinery, equipment and furniture		4,078,372	4,832,147	2,485,736	2,877,902	6,564,108	7,710,049	
Utility delivery systems		4,070,572	4,032,147	50,336,436	47,284,562	50,336,436	47,284,562	
Infrastructure		38,673,449	22,181,915			38,673,449	22,181,915	
Art	-	504,750	504,750			504,750	504,750	
Total capital assets, net	\$	97,645,191 \$	101,205,113 \$	81,513,163 \$	78,261,456 \$	179,158,354 \$	179,446,569	

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year included the following:

Construction in progress decreased \$17,9975,494 primarily due to completion of the Boulder City Parkway project (\$18.05 million) and a 69kV electrical transmission loop project (\$4.23 million), which were offset by current year additions to various projects (\$7.69 million).

Utility delivery systems increased by \$3,051,874 primarily due to completion of various construction in progress projects (\$4.94 million), which were offset by disposals with a net loss of \$0.46 million and depreciation.

Infrastructure increased by \$16,491,534 primarily due to completion of various construction in progress projects (\$17.58 million), which were offset by depreciation.

Depreciation expense for the fiscal year was \$8,961,171.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Notes 1 and 3 to the basic financial statements in this report.

Outstanding Debt

At fiscal year end, the City had total debt outstanding of \$21,749,000, which was secured by specified revenue sources, which is a decrease of \$1,852,401 from the prior year as a result of payments made during the year.

Additional information on the City's debt can be found in Notes 1 and 3 to the basic financial statements in this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City reviews a variety of information and economic factors when developing its annual budgets and, throughout the year, monitors changes in economic trends and events. Some of the significant factors considered in preparing the City's budget are as follows:

In 2005, the Nevada State Legislature passed a law to provide property tax relief to all citizens that provides a partial abatement of taxes by applying a 3% cap on the increase in property tax for the owner's primary residence. Only one property may be selected as a primary residence. Some rental dwellings that meet the low-income rent

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

limits may also qualify for a 3% cap on the increase in property taxes. An 8% cap also applies to the increase in taxes for certain other types of property. Property tax revenue is approximately 4.68% of total general fund revenues.

Land and other lease revenues, primarily from solar power generation facilities, aviation services and communications purposes, continue to be a crucial component in ensuring the City can continue to provide essential services. Land and other lease revenues are approximately 39.92% of total general fund revenues.

In late January 2020, the World Health Organization (WHO) announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China (the COVID-19 pandemic). The ultimate long-term impact on the City's financial position and changes therein cannot be determined at this time, but may be substantial.

As discussed in the City's letter of transmittal, the City is highly dependent on tourism. The COVID-19 pandemic and the closure of businesses in Nevada had a significant adverse impact on intergovernmental shared revenues comprised primarily of sales and use taxes. Intergovernmental shared revenues comprise approximately 34.67% of total general fund revenues.

Requests for Information

The accompanying financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City's Finance Department, 401 California Avenue, Boulder City, Nevada 89005.

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

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Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Primary Government					
	Governmental	Business-type				
	Activities	Activities	Total			
Assets	14	-09				
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, unrestricted	\$ 49,021,553	\$ 39,771,259	\$ 88,792,812			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, designated	15,632,203	13,872,306	29,504,509			
Accounts receivable, net	1,884,729	5,772,464	7,657,193			
Taxes receivable	56,289		56,289			
Due from other governments	3,770,601	344,363	4,114,964			
Inventories	79,123		79,123			
Prepaid items	189,821	32,659	222,480			
Prepaid water commodity charge		1,174,865	1,174,865			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, restricted Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,367,486	3,588,359	4,955,845			
Construction in progress	1,084,457	8,658,831	9,743,288			
Land	27,803,830	606,375	28,410,205			
Buildings and building improvements	7,170,943	1,541,962	8,712,905			
Improvements other than buildings	18,329,390	17,883,823	36,213,213			
Machinery, equipment and furniture	4,078,372	2,485,736	6,564,108			
Utility delivery systems		50,336,436	50,336,436			
Infrastructure	38,673,449	1 40 000 4 0 1400 00 6 0 100 00 00	38,673,449			
Art	504,750		504,750			
Total assets	169,646,996	146,069,438	315,716,434			
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred amounts related to pensions	5,976,861	1,173,466	7,150,327			
Liabilities						
Accounts and contracts payable	1,457,705	2,170,145	3,627,850			
Payroll and benefits payable	1,828,745	289,340	2,118,085			
Customer deposits	70,304	223,253	293,557			
Due to other governments	40,711	16,943	57,654			
Unearned revenue	5,214,141	32,742	5,246,883			
Interest payable		40,333	40,333			
Due within one year		223 - Aug 1977	12 to 2700 €12/20 20400			
Bonds		1,782,000	1,782,000			
Dollas						

Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2021

	Pi	rimary Governme	ent
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Due in more than one year	13.		
Bonds		19,967,000	19,967,000
Compensated absences	2,930,087	561,321	3,491,408
Net postemployment benefits other than			
pensions liability	1,047,685	69,497	1,117,182
Net pension liability	29,034,735	5,700,530	34,735,265
Landfill closure and post-closure care		1,217,781	1,217,781
Total liabilities	42,698,644	32,257,992	74,956,636
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred amounts related to pensions	1,982,954	389,323	2,372,277
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for	97,645,191	59,764,163	157,409,354
Police, fire and other public safety programs	953,591		953,591
Courts and other judicial programs	519,617		519,617
Capital improvement projects	17,944,808	1,449,868	19,394,676
Parks and other cultural and recreation programs	1,713,880	25 G	1,713,880
Perpetual care, nonexpendable	**************************************	401,128	401,128
Other purposes	7,511	(1-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10	7,511
Unrestricted	12,157,661	52,980,430	65,138,091
Total net position	\$ 130,942,259	\$ 114,595,589	\$ 245,537,848

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

					Prog	ram Revenue	s			Net (Expenses) Revenues and Change in Net Position				
Expenses		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		_	Total
Function/Program														
Governmental Activities General government Public safety Judicial Public works Culture and recreation Community support Debt service Interest	\$	5,060,003 16,201,652 1,200,531 9,952,838 7,374,013 2,297,214 4,412	\$	25,127,639 717,323 713,871 4,087,458	\$	31,821 3,139,299 30,000 86 30,914 557,728	\$	328,763 1,638,497	(12 (8 (3	0,099,457 2,016,267) (456,660) 8,314,255) 3,255,641) 1,739,486) (4,412)			\$	20,099,457 (12,016,267) (456,660) (8,314,255) (3,255,641) (1,739,486) (4,412)
Total governmental activities		42,090,663		30,646,291		3,789,848		1,967,260	(5	5,687,264)				(5,687,264)
Business-type Activities Utility Aviation Cemetery		26,168,815 1,973,023 108,618		35,403,074 758,467 196,473	_	849,740		1,376,327 1,542,807			\$	10,610,586 1,177,991 87,855	_	10,610,586 1,177,991 87,855
Total business-type activities		28,250,456		36,358,014	_	849,740		2,919,134				11,876,432	-	11,876,432
Total primary government		70,341,119		67,004,305	_	4,639,588	_	4,886,394	(5	5,687,264)	_	11,876,432	_	6,189,168

Statement of Activities (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Change in Net Position						
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total				
General Revenues							
Property taxes	3,008,827		3,008,827				
Room taxes	283,205		283,205				
Other taxes	486,491		486,491				
Intergovernmental shared							
revenues, unrestricted	11,930,028		11,930,028				
Investment income	151,944	149,639	301,583				
Gain on disposal of capital assets	2,478,953		2,478,953				
Miscellaneous	81,884	59,450	141,334				
Total general revenues	18,421,332	209,089	18,630,421				
Transfers	(3,150,000)	3,150,000					
Change in Net Position	9,584,068	15,235,521	24,819,589				
Net Position							
Beginning of year							
As previously reported	122,806,237	107,056,151	229,862,388				
Adjustment	(1,448,046)	(7,696,083)	(9,144,129)				
As adjusted	121,358,191	99,360,068	220,718,259				
End of year	\$ 130,942,259	\$ 114,595,589	\$ 245,537,848				

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Fund Financial Statements

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Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

	General Fund		Capital Improvement Special Revenue Fund		Aggregate Non-major overnmental Funds (1)	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets							
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, unrestricted Cash, cash equivalents and	\$	19,088,879	\$	8,534,250	\$ 21,398,424	\$	49,021,553
investments, designated Cash, cash equivalents and		7,070,482		7,000,000	1,561,721		15,632,203
investments, restricted Accounts receivable, net		1,773,938		110,391	1,367,486		1,367,486 1,884,729
Taxes receivable Due from other governments Inventories		15,884 3,528,119 79,123			40,405 242,482		56,289 3,770,601 79,123
Prepaid items	_	178,074			 11,747		189,821
Total assets	_\$	31,734,499	\$	15,644,641	\$ 24,622,665	\$	72,001,805
Liabilities							
Accounts and contracts payable Payroll and benefits payable Customer deposits Due to other governments Unearned revenue	\$	513,476 1,426,672 69,051 40,711 4,121,913	\$	962,508	\$ 944,229 402,073 1,253	\$	1,457,705 1,828,745 70,304 40,711 5,214,141
Total liabilities		6,171,823	0	962,508	1,477,275		8,611,606
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue, property taxes Unavailable revenue, grants		18,379 957,412			19,395		37,774 957,412
Total deferred inflows of resources		975,791			19,395	_	995,186

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Continued) June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Capital Improvement Special Revenue Fund	Aggregate Non-major Governmental Funds (1)	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable				
Inventories	79,123			79,123
Prepaid items	178,074		11,747	189,821
Restricted				
Police, fire and other public				
safety programs			953,591	953,591
Courts and other judicial			0 to 10 to 1	NEWS. 2012
programs			519,617	519,617
Capital improvement projects		14,682,133	3,262,675	17,944,808
Parks and other cultural and				
recreation programs			1,713,880	1,713,880
Other purposes			7,511	7,511
Committed				(S. 3-40-800)
Capital improvement projects			9,728,219	9,728,219
Parks and other cultural and			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,
recreation programs			653,563	653,563
Emergency reserve	7,070,482		2,613,921	9,684,403
Other purposes			3,661,271	3,661,271
Unassigned	17,259,206			17,259,206
Total fund balances	24,586,885	14,682,133	23,125,995	62,395,013
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources and fund balances	\$ 31,734,499	\$ 15,644,641	\$ 24,622,665	\$ 72,001,805

The aggregate non-major governmental funds includes 13 non-major special revenue funds and the non-major acquisitions and improvements capital projects fund.

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet, Governmental Funds, to the Statement of Net Position, Governmental Activities June 30, 2021

und Balances, Governmental Funds		\$ 62,395,013
Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources; and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. Capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 178,233,289 (80,588,098)	97,645,191
Deferred inflows and outflows or resources related to OPEB and pension obligations reported in governmental activities are not current financial resources; and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. Unamortized deferred outflows related to pensions Unamortized deferred inflows related to pensions	5,976,861 (1,982,954)	3,993,907
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period; and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. Compensated absences Postemployment benefits other than pensions Net pension liability	(4,004,618) (1,047,685) (29,034,735)	(34,087,038)
Unavailable revenue represents amounts that were not available to fund current expenditures; and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. Unavailable revenue, property taxes Unavailable revenue, grants	37,774 957,412	995,186
let Position, Governmental Activities		\$ 130,942,259

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Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues		General Fund		Capital aprovement cial Revenue Fund	1	Aggregate Non-major overnmental Funds (1)	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	1,957,932			\$	1,100,672	\$	3,058,604
Other taxes		283,205				38,000		321,205
Franchise fees		833,344						833,344
Licenses, permits and other fees		2,276,223						2,276,223
Charges for services		4,588,168				269,514		4,857,682
Intergovernmental		14,504,923				2,633,822		17,138,745
Fines and forfeitures		557,633				150,448		708,081
Rents and royalties		16,699,581	\$	4,339,614		906,224		21,945,419
Investment income		60,371		29,221		62,352		151,944
Miscellaneous	_	75,528				45,826		121,354
Total revenues		41,836,908		4,368,835		5,206,858		51,412,601
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		3,761,748				922,482		4,684,230
Public safety		13,161,611				1,244,888		14,406,499
Judicial		850,518				234,034		1,084,552
Public works		5,170,788				1,725,961		6,896,749
Culture and recreation		5,619,645				215,866		5,835,511
Community support		1,967,309				295,625		2,262,934
Total current		30,531,619	-			4,638,856	_	35,170,475
Capital outlay								
Public safety		51,955				266,674		318,629
Public works		::-:: * ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::				1,253,706		1,253,706
Culture and recreation						330,127		330,127
Total capital outlay		51,955				1,850,507		1,902,462
Debt service								
Principal payments						106,401		106,401
Interest						4,412		4,412
Total debt service			_			110,813	_	110,813
otal expenditures	_	30,583,574				6,600,176		37,183,750
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		11,253,334		4,368,835		(1,393,318)		14,228,851

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Other Financing Sources (Uses)	General Fund	Capital Improvement Special Revenue Fund	Aggregate Non-major Governmental Funds (1)	Total Governmental Funds
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets Insurance recoveries Transfers in		2,786,356	95,057 25,542 12,224,546	2,881,413 25,542 12,224,546
Transfers out	(11,224,546)	(4,150,000)		(15,374,546)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,224,546)	(1,363,644)	12,345,145	(243,045)
Change in Fund Balances	28,788	3,005,191	10,951,827	13,985,806
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year	24,558,097	11,676,942	12,174,168	48,409,207
End of year	\$ 24,586,885	\$ 14,682,133	\$ 23,125,995	\$ 62,395,013

The aggregate non-major governmental funds includes 13 non-major special revenue funds and the non-major acquisitions and improvements capital projects fund.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, to the Statement of Activities, Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Change in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds			\$	13,985,806
Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Expenditures for capital assets Less current year depreciation (Gain) loss on disposal of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets	\$	1,902,462 (5,059,922) 2,478,953 (2,881,413)		(3,559,920)
Revenues in the statement of activities, which do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. Change in unavailable revenue, property taxes Change in unavailable revenue, grants	y:	(49,777) 957,412		907,635
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded debt issued.				
Debt principal repayments	8	106,401		106,401
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources; and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.				
Change in compensated absences payable		(394,446)		
Change in OPEB related balances Change in pension related balances		(57,044) (1,404,364)		
Change in pension related balances	-	(1,404,304)	_	(1,855,854)
Change in Net Position, Governmental Activities			_\$_	9,584,068

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Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Utility Fund	Aviation Fund	Non-major Cemetery Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash, cash equivalents and				
investments, unrestricted	\$ 36,897,393	\$ 2,292,622	\$ 581,244	\$ 39,771,259
Cash, cash equivalents and				
investments, designated	13,454,911	417,395		13,872,306
Accounts receivable, net	5,770,974	610	880	5,772,464
Due from other governments	187,195	157,168		344,363
Prepaid items	29,304	3,355		32,659
Prepaid water commodity charge	1,174,865	***		1,174,865
Total current assets	57,514,642	2,871,150	582,124	60,967,916
Noncurrent assets				
Cash, cash equivalents and				
investments, restricted	3,187,231		401,128	3,588,359
salah dalah salah sa				1.30
Capital assets, net of				
accumulated depreciation				
Construction in progress	8,657,331		1,500	8,658,831
Land	28,615	512,760	65,000	606,375
Buildings and building				
improvements	23,357	1,518,605		1,541,962
Improvements other than				
buildings	493,334	17,322,681	67,808	17,883,823
Machinery, equipment and				
furniture	2,477,232	4,167	4,337	2,485,736
Utility delivery systems	50,336,436			50,336,436
Total capital assets, net of		peter All South of the Control of the South of the Control of the	2002 G 100 Per 200 Per	VOCTORING INCRESS SUPPLIES CONTRACT
accumulated depreciation	62,016,305	19,358,213	138,645	81,513,163
Total noncurrent assets	65,203,536	19,358,213	539,773	85,101,522
Total assets	122,718,178	22,229,363	1,121,897	146,069,438
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred amounts related to pensions	1,060,769	112,697		1,173,466

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position (Continued)

June 30, 2021

	Utility Fund	Aviation Fund	Non-major Cemetery Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts and contracts payable	2,064,346	97,210	8,589	2,170,145
Payroll and benefits payable	265,816	23,524		289,340
Customer deposits	209,523	13,730		223,253
Due to other governments	16,943			16,943
Unearned revenue		32,742		32,742
Interest payable	40,333	\$2000 £2000		40,333
Bonds	1,782,000			1,782,000
Compensated absences	178,923	8,184		187,107
Total current liabilities	4,557,884	175,390	8,589	4,741,863
Noncurrent liabilities				
Bonds	19,967,000			19,967,000
Compensated absences	536,770	24,551		561,321
Net postemployment benefits	55.5			77.7387. 4 7.6745
other than pensions liability	69,497			69,497
Net pension liability	5,153,065	547,465		5,700,530
Landfill closure and	0,100,000	0.77,00		-,,-
post-closure care	1,217,781			1,217,781
Total noncurrent liabilities	26,944,113	572,016		27,516,129
Total noncurrent natimites	20,744,113	372,010	AMS:	27,510,127
Total liabilities	31,501,997	747,406	8,589	32,257,992
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred amounts related to pensions	351,933	37,390		389,323
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for	40,267,306	19,358,212	138,645	59,764,163
Capital improvement projects	1,449,868			1,449,868
Perpetual care, nonexpendable	1,447,000		401,128	401,128
Unrestricted	50 207 942	2,199,052	573,535	52,980,430
Unrestricted	50,207,843	2,199,032	313,333	32,700,430
Total net position	\$ 91,925,017	\$ 21,557,264	\$ 1,113,308	\$ 114,595,589

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Operating Revenues	Utility Fund		Aviation Fund	Non-major Cemetery Fund		Total Enterprise Funds	
Charges for services Electric Water Wastewater Refuse and landfill Aviation Cemetery Intergovernmental Rents and royalties Miscellaneous	\$ 17,069,862 14,119,096 2,616,604 1,597,512	\$	82,597 834,372 675,870 7,725	\$	196,473 121	s	17,069,862 14,119,096 2,616,604 1,597,512 82,597 196,473 834,372 675,870 59,450
Total operating revenues	35,454,678		1,600,564		196,594	-	37,251,836
Operating Expenses	33,131,070		1,000,501		170,371		37,231,030
Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Depreciation	3,681,373 599,988 18,019,549 2,922,859		315,866 135,976 428,519 962,096		46,000 46,324 16,294		4,043,239 735,964 18,494,392 3,901,249
Total operating expenses	25,223,769		1,842,457		108,618		27,174,844
Operating Income (Loss)	10,230,909		(241,893)		87,976		10,076,992
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Investment income Fuel taxes Local sales and use taxes	141,509 942,423		5,647 15,368		2,483		149,639 15,368 942,423
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets Interest expense	(461,049) (483,997)	-	(130,566)	2		7	(591,615) (483,997)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	138,886		(109,551)		2,483		31,818
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	10,369,795		(351,444)		90,459		10,108,810

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Utility Fund	Aviation Fund	Non-major Cemetery Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
Capital Contributions				
Capital contributions	433,904	1,542,807		1,976,711
Transfers				
Transfers in	3,150,000			3,150,000
Change in Net Position	13,953,699	1,191,363	90,459	15,235,521
Net Position				
Beginning of year				
As previously reported	84,132,741	21,900,561	1,022,849	107,056,151
Adjustment	(6,161,423)	(1,534,660)	.000.000	(7,696,083)
As adjusted	77,971,318	20,365,901	1,022,849	99,360,068
End of year	\$ 91,925,017	\$ 21,557,264	\$ 1,113,308	\$ 114,595,589

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Cash Flows From Operating Activities	Utility Fund	Aviation Fund	Non-major Cemetery Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
Cash received from customers Cash received from other sources Cash payments for goods	\$ 33,667,410 51,604	\$ 512,998 1,365,125	\$ 201,154 121	\$ 34,381,562 1,416,850
and services Cash payments for employee	(15,861,056)	(411,909)	(37,770)	(16,310,735)
services	(4,911,114)	(460,687)	(46,000)	(5,417,801)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	12,946,844	1,005,527	117,505	14,069,876
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Transfers in	3,150,000			3,150,000
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from disposal of	(5,791,653)		(1,500)	(5,793,153)
capital assets	25,294			25,294
Principal payments on debt	(1,746,000)			(1,746,000)
Payment of debt interest	(483,997)			(483,997)
Cash received from sales and use taxes Cash received from fuel taxes	755,228	11,043		755,228 11,043
Net cash flows provided by (used in) capital financing activities	(7,241,128)	11,043_	(1,500)	(7,231,585)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest income received	141,509	5,647	2,483	149,639
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,997,225	1,022,217	118,488	10,137,930

Proprietary Funds
Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Cash and Cash Equivalents		Utility Fund	Aviation Fund	on-major Cemetery Fund	. Ent	Total terprise Funds
Beginning of year		44,542,310	 1,687,800	863,884		47,093,994
End of year Unrestricted Designated Restricted	<u> </u>	36,897,393 13,454,911 3,187,231 53,539,535	\$ 2,292,622 417,395 2,710,017	\$ 581,244 401,128 982,372	\$ *	39,771,259 13,872,306 3,588,359 57,231,924
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities						
Capital contributions Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	\$	433,904 (461,049)	\$ 1,542,807 (130,566)		\$	1,976,711 (591,615)

City of Boulder City

Proprietary Funds
Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Reconciliation of Operating Income	_	Utility Fund	Aviation Fund	Non-major Cemetery Fund	Ent	Total terprise Funds
(Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	10,230,909	\$ (241,893)	\$ 87,976	\$	10,076,992
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities						
Depreciation		2,922,859	962,096	16,294		3,901,249
Increase (decrease) in operating assets						
Accounts receivable		(1,769,711)	383,929	4,681		(1,381,101)
Due from other governments Prepaid items		(29,304)	(152,843) 898			(152,843) (28,406)
Prepaid water commodity charge		1,810,470				1,810,470
(Increase) decrease in operating liabilities						
Accounts and contracts						
payable		642,600	4,676	8,554		655,830
Payroll and benefits payable		8,221	11,037			19,258
Customer deposits		34,047	13,730			47,777
Due to other governments		(26,660)	22 712			(26,660)
Unearned revenue		(20.040)	32,742			32,742
Compensated absences		(28,840)	484			(28,356)
Net postemployment benefits		(00 404)				(00.404)
other than pensions liability		(99,404)	(0.220)			(99,404)
Net pension liability Landfill closure and		(501,509)	(9,329)			(510,838)
post-closure care		(246,834)	 			(246,834)
Net cash flows provided by (used in)						
operating activities	\$	12,946,844	\$ 1,005,527	\$ 117,505	\$	14,069,876

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Boulder City (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. A summary of the more significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows.

Reporting Entity

In 1958, the United States Government passed the Boulder City Act (the Act), which established the City as an independent municipal government. Under the Act, the United States Government turned over the existing town site (approximately 33 square miles) and the related utility systems to the City. The City was incorporated on January 4, 1960, and the City Charter was adopted. The City's Charter prohibits gaming, which makes the City unique as the only City in the State of Nevada (the State or Nevada) where gaming is illegal.

In 1979, City residents approved a referendum and instituted a controlled growth ordinance. Under this ordinance, the City limits the number of building permits issued each year to control the rate of community growth and, as a result, the City realizes approximately 2% community growth per year.

In 1995, the City acquired the Eldorado Transfer Area (approximately 167 square miles) located southwest of the original City town site. The City continues to preserve this area for an endangered species preservation area and other recreational purposes with the exception of approximately 12,000 acres (less than 35 square miles), which is used for solar power generation facilities. With this purchase, the City became the largest city in the State of Nevada (the State) in terms of geography at approximately 207 square miles.

The City also is unique in that it is also the largest landowner within the City limits. In 1997, the citizens approved a ballot question which provided that sales of City-owned property in excess of one acre be approved by registered voters in an election and restricted the use of proceeds of land sales to voter-approved Capital Improvement projects.

The City has a Council-Manager form of government. The entire legislative authority is vested in a five-member City Council (the Council) who are elected to serve four-year terms. All powers of the City, including the ability to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within City boundaries, and the determination of all matters of policy are vested in the Council. The Council appoints the City's Manager, Clerk, Attorney and Municipal Judge. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and procedures of the Council, and for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection, construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure, recreational activities and cultural events, utility (electric, water and sanitation) services, and an airport that is designed to accommodate single engine and light twin engine planes and small private jets.

The City's culture and operations are based on the following ideals:

The City is committed to preserving its status as a small town, with a small-town charm, historical heritage and unique identity, while proactively addressing our needs and enhancing our quality of life.

The City's mission is to deliver outstanding services to enhance the quality of life within our community, our economic vitality, and the safety of those who reside, work in, visit, or travel through our community.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The City's core values are to provide accessible, caring and responsible customer service, fiscal responsibility, integrity, professional excellence, transparent communication and openness to innovation and technology.

GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended, defines the reporting entity as the primary government and those component units for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing board, and either the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or the possibility that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. In addition to financial accountability, component units can be other organizations in which the economic resources received or held by that organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, the primary government is entitled to or has the ability to otherwise access a majority of the economic resources received or held by that organization and the resources to which the primary government is entitled or has the ability to otherwise access are significant to the primary government.

Together with the Boulder City Museum, the Boulder City Chamber of Commerce and the Boulder City Arts Council, Inc., the City established a not-for-profit corporation named the Boulder Dam Hotel Association, Inc. (the Association) primarily to own, maintain and operate the historic Boulder Dam Hotel. The City does not have a continuing financial responsibility to the Association; furthermore, the City does not have title or access to Association's resources.

The City has determined that there are no requirements that would cause the City's basic financial statements to be included in any other entities' comprehensive annual financial report. In addition, the City determined that, for the reasons discussed in the preceding paragraph, the Association does not meet the criteria to be included as a component unit and has not identified any other entities that meet the component unit criteria.

Basic Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities and present consolidated information for the City's non-fiduciary activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on user fees and charges for support.

Included in the statement of net position are capital assets and long-term liabilities including bonds, compensated absences, pension and other postemployment benefits obligations. Net position is classified as 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted net position, and 3) unrestricted net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or business-type activity are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or business-type activity and include indirect expenses allocated to each function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or business-type activity, and 2) grants and contributions, which are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or business-type activity. Taxes and other revenues not restricted for use by a particular function or business-type activity are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns on the fund financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances with schedules presented to reconcile fund balances presented in the governmental fund financial statements to net position presented in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary fund financial statements include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

flows. All of the City's funds are classified as governmental or proprietary (enterprise) funds. The City does not currently maintain any internal service or fiduciary funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds financial statements. Under this measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

During the course of normal operations, transfers and transactions between individual funds occur for various purposes. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of these internal activities in the government-wide statements. However, transfers between governmental and proprietary funds and any interfund services provided and used are not eliminated, for example, the effect of interfund services provided and used between functions, such as the sale of water from a utility to the general government, is not eliminated in the statement of activities. To do so would distort both the expenses of the purchasing function and the program revenues of the selling function.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the current fiscal year end.

The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property taxes, intergovernmental shared revenues (consolidated taxes), grants, and interest. All other revenue sources are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Expenditures generally are recorded when the liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pensions, other postemployment benefits obligations and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - Accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in some other fund.

Capital Improvements Special Revenue Fund – Accounts for the accumulation of resources from the sale or lease of City owned land, which is specifically restricted by the City Charter to be expended on voter approved projects. When designated projects are approved by the voters, resources of this fund are transferred to other funds to pay for capital improvement projects.

The City reports the following non-major governmental fund types:

Special Revenue Funds - Accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Capital Projects Fund – Accounts for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to the improvement, acquisition or construction of capital assets.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

As with the government-wide financial statements, the proprietary funds financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services or producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges for services and other user fees. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses and capital asset depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reporting as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Utility Enterprise Fund – Accounts for resources to provide electric, water, sewer, wastewater, refuse and landfill services including, but not limited to, administration, operating, construction, maintenance, financing and related debt activities.

Aviation Enterprise Fund – Accounts for aviation services including, but not limited to, administration, operating, construction, maintenance, financing and related debt activities.

The City reports the following non-major proprietary fund:

Cemetery Enterprise Fund – Accounts for cemetery services including, but not limited to, administration, operating, construction, maintenance, financing and related debt activities. Although this fund is a non-major fund, as defined by GASB, it is the City's sole non-major enterprise fund and is presented in the same manner as the City's major enterprise funds.

Assets and Liabilities

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The proprietary funds participate in the City's cash and investment pool, which has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account in that the proprietary funds may effectively withdraw amounts at any time. Accordingly, amounts invested by proprietary funds are considered to be cash equivalents. Monies that are not required for immediate obligations are invested.

Investments are reported at fair value, regardless of the length of time remaining to maturity. The fair values of investments are determined using quotations obtained from independent published sources.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Receivables, Payables and Unavailable or Unearned Revenues

The Clark County Assessor assesses all real property by December 31 of each year. The Clark County Treasurer bills and collects the City's share of property taxes. The Clark County Treasurer remits, on a monthly basis, current and delinquent property tax collections to the City.

The Nevada Department of Taxation provides the maximum allowable tax rates for operating purposes to local governments for inclusion in their budgets. Each local government that receives property taxes must file a budget on or before June 1, which provides for the allowable tax rate for the next fiscal year. The Nevada Tax Commission must certify all tax rates on June 25, the levy date, and property is liened on July 1. Taxes on real property are due on the third Monday in August of each year and may be paid in quarterly installments on or before the third Monday in August and the first Mondays in October, January, and March.

In the event of nonpayment, the Clark County Treasurer is authorized to hold the property for two years, subject to redemption upon payment of taxes, penalties and costs, together with interest at the rate of 15% per year from the date the taxes were due, if four or more installments were delinquent, until paid.

If delinquent taxes are not paid within the two-year redemption period, the Clark County Treasurer obtains a deed to the property free of all encumbrances. Upon receipt of a deed, the Clark County Treasurer may sell the property to satisfy the tax lien and assessments by local governments for improvements to the property.

Lease revenue receivable is recognized pursuant to the terms of lease agreements. Unearned lease revenues (if any) are recorded when the City receives lease payments before it has completed the earnings process, or if advance payments received are subject to refund provisions.

Amounts due from other governments primarily relate to intergovernmental shared revenues (consolidated and other taxes) and grants.

No allowance for uncollectable amounts related to receivables has been established since management does not anticipate any material collection loss in respect to delinquent accounts.

During the course of normal operations, numerous transactions between individual funds occur for various purposes. The resulting payables and receivables, which are outstanding at year end, are referred to as due to or from other funds in the fund financial statements. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Any residual balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Property taxes and other receivables that are not collected within 60 days of year end are classified as unavailable revenue in the governmental fund financial statements, rather than current revenue, since the asset is not available to satisfy current obligations.

Unearned revenues arise when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, such as when property taxes for the following tax year are received before year end.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future periods and are reported as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, these payments are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventories in the governmental funds, comprised primarily of fuel and oil, are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out method. Inventories in proprietary funds, comprised primarily of supplies, are valued at the lower of cost (first-in/first-out method) or market. In the governmental fund financial statements, inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted and Designated Assets

Financial resources that are legally restricted to pay debt service, finance construction projects, pay future landfill closure and post-closure costs, or to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used are reported as restricted assets in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

In addition, certain financial resources have been designated as operating and emergency reserves or to pay debt service and finance construction projects. These resources are reported as designated assets in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined as those assets with an initial per unit cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received from developers are reported at estimated acquisition value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not significantly increase the functionality of the assets or materially extend the assets' useful lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation and amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	2 4415
Buildings and building improvements	25-50
Improvements other than buildings	10-40
Machinery, equipment and furniture	3-30
Utility delivery systems	10-50
Infrastructure	20-50

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave benefits (ranging from 16 to 32 hours per month, depending upon years of service) that would be paid to them upon separation from City service if not previously taken. The maximum amount of accrued vacation hours cannot exceed more than could be earned during the most recent three years of consecutive employment. Upon retirement, death, or termination, all unpaid annual leave and a portion of sick leave depending on years of service may be paid to the employee. A liability for these obligations is reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as incurred. A liability is reported in the governmental fund financial statements to the extent it is due and payable at year end.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Long-term Debt

In the government-wide and proprietary fund statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. For current and advance refundings resulting in defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the defeased debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense using the straight-line method, which also approximates the effective interest method. Debt issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred.

In the governmental fund financial statements, premiums, discounts and debt issuance costs are recognized in the period they are paid or received. The face amount of debt issued and premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Debt issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures in the period incurred.

Multiple-Employer, Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The City uses the same basis used in the Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada's (PERS) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for reporting its proportionate share of the PERS collective net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, including information related to PERS fiduciary net position and related additions or deductions. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized by PERS when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. PERS investments are reported at estimated fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The City recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms for the purpose of measuring its total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense. OPEB investments are reported at estimated fair value.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods; and therefore, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Amounts related to the multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan (Note 4) are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Unavailable revenues and amounts related to related to the multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan (Note 4) are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

Deferred Compensation Plan

In addition to the multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit pension, the City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. This plan, which is available to all City employees, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency. The City does not contribute to the deferred compensation plan.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The assets of this plan are held in trust outside the control of the City. Since the assets of this plan are not considered assets of the City and are not subject to the claims of the City's general creditors, this plan is not reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is reported as 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted, or 3) unrestricted.

Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on it are either by an external party (such as creditors, grantors, contributors or other governments) or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Fund Balance

Governmental fund balances are classified and reported as follows:

Nonspendable fund balances include items that cannot be spent. This includes amounts that are not in a spendable form (for example, inventories and prepaid items) and amounts that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as perpetual funds or a permanent fund principal balance.

Restricted fund balances have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party (such as creditors, grantors, contributors or other governments) or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balances can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority. These constraints remain binding unless removed or changed in the same manner used to create the constraints.

Assigned fund balances include amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Such intent is expressed by the Council or appropriately authorized officials. The City's Finance Director has been authorized by the Council in the budget approval process to make all fund balance assignments. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned fund balances can be removed or changed without formal Council action. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the classification for residual amounts that are not restricted, committed or nonspendable.

Unassigned fund balance is the classification used by the general fund for residual amounts not included in the four categories described above. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance.

Prioritization and Use of Available Resources

When both restricted resources and unrestricted resources (i.e., committed, assigned and unassigned) can be used for the same purposes, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first. Furthermore, when committed, assigned and unassigned resources can be used for the same purpose, it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, assigned second and unassigned last.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Use of Estimates

Timely preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, these estimates and assumptions may require revision in future years. Significant estimates that may change materially within the next year include the 1) useful lives of capital assets, 2) net pension liability, 3) other postemployment benefits obligation, and 4) deferred outflows and inflows or resources.

Note 2. Stewardship and Accountability

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City adopts annual budgets, in accordance with Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) and the City's Charter, for all governmental and proprietary fund types, which are formally integrated and employed as a management control device. NRS requires that budgetary controls be exercised at the function level. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. The City's budgets were augmented and/or amended for certain funds during the year in accordance with NRS requirements.

The City follows the following procedures to establish, modify, and control budgetary data:

On or before April 15, a tentative budget is prepared and submitted for the next fiscal year, commencing on July 1st. The budget contains proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming fiscal year.

Public hearings are conducted no sooner than the third Monday in May and no later than the last day in May to obtain comments from and address concerns of City residents.

After all changes have been noted and the hearings closed, the budget is adopted or before June 1 and submitted to the Nevada Department of Taxation for final approval.

Budget transfers within a function and fund may be made with the approval of the City's budget officer.

Budget transfers between functions, within a fund, may be made with the approval of the City's budget officer, provided the Council is advised of such action at its next regularly scheduled meeting and the action is included in the official meeting minutes.

Budget augmentations and transfers between funds require formal approval of the Council.

The City cannot expend any money, incur any liability or enter into any contract, which by its terms involves the expenditure of money in excess of the amount appropriated for a given function, except for bond payments, short-term financing payments and other long-term contracts expressly authorized by NRS.

All unencumbered appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end, except for amounts appropriated for specific capital projects.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Tax Abatements

All tax abatement agreements/programs entered into by the State have been summarized, by type of agreement/program. The aggregate gross, accrual basis reduction of the City's taxes was as follows:

Agreement/program description

NRS 360.753 - Partial abatement of certain taxes imposed on aircraft, components of aircraft and other personal property used for certain purposes related to aircraft

Amount abated during current year

Specific tax being abated

Personal property taxes and/or sales and use taxes

Agreement/program description

NRS 360.754 - Partial abatement of certain taxes imposed on new or expanded data

Amount abated during current year

\$20.824

Specific tax being abated

Property taxes and/or sales and use taxes

Agreement/program description

NRS 701A.370 - Partial abatement of certain taxes imposed on renewable energy

facilities

Amount abated during current year

\$50 325

Specific tax being abated

Property taxes and/or sales and use taxes

Agreement/program description

NRS 374.357 - Abatement for eligible machinery or equipment used by certain new or

expanded businesses

Amount abated during current year

Specific tax being abated

\$12,703 Sales and use taxes

New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases, effective for years beginning after June 15, 2021. This statement requires recognition of certain assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognition of deferred inflows or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the lease. Management has not yet completed its assessment of this statement.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public-Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. This statement addresses issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements and provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. Management has not yet completed its assessment of this statement.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, effective for years beginning after June 15, 2022. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users and requires recognition of right to use assets and corresponding liabilities for arrangements that meet certain criteria. Management has not yet completed its assessment of this statement.

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84. The requirements of this statement related to Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. All other requirements were effective and adopted for the year ended June 30, 2020. This statement provides guidance to 1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board, 2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, and 3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for IRC Section 457 deferred compensation plans. The requirements of this statement that were effective and adopted for the year ended June 30, 2020, did not have a material effect on the City's financial position or changes therein.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Management has not yet completed its assessment of the requirements related to IRC Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.

Management has completed its assessment of all other new, but not yet effective GASB statements and either 1) determined that the statement will not have a material effect on the City's financial position or changes therein, or 2) early adopted and implemented the statement.

Prior Year Adjustment

Fund balance or net position as of July 1, 2020, has been retroactively adjusted as follows:

		rnmental tivities	Utility <u>Fund</u>	Aviation Fund	Business-type Activities
Fund balance or net position, as previously reported	\$ 12	2,806,237 \$	84,132,741 \$	21,900,561 \$	107,056,151
Adjustment Adjust capital assets for assets acquired or			/C C 400 N	(1.521.550)	(7 (0) 003)
disposed in a prior year	α-	(1,448,046)	(6,161,423)	(1,534,660)	(7,696,083)
Fund balance or net position, as adjusted	\$12	1,358,191 \$	77,971,318 \$	20,365,901	99,360,068

Note 3. Detailed Notes on all Funds

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

At year end, the City's cash, cash equivalents and investments (including restricted amounts) were as follows:

Cash Cash equivalents and	\$ 37,422,025
investments	85,831,141
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 123,253,166

At year end, the City's cash, cash equivalents and investments were presented in the City's financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	
Unrestricted	\$ 49,021,553
Designated	15,632,203
Restricted	1,367,486
Business-type activities	
Unrestricted	39,771,259
Designated	13,872,306
Restricted	3,588,359
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 123,253,166

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

When investing monies, the City is required to comply with applicable NRS. City monies must be deposited with federally insured banks. The City is authorized to use demand accounts, time accounts and certificates of deposit. NRS do not specifically require collateral for demand deposits, but do specify that collateral for time deposits may be of the same type as those described for permissible State investments. Permissible State investments are similar to allowable City investments, described in the following paragraph, except that some State investments are for longer terms and include securities issued by municipalities outside of the State.

Allowable City investments include 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies not to exceed ten years maturity, 2) negotiable notes or short-term negotiable bonds issued by other local governments within the State, and 3) bankers' acceptances eligible for rediscount with Federal Reserve Banks, not to exceed 180 days maturity and 10% of total investments.

The City manages its custodial credit risk related to deposits by participating in the State's Pooled Collateral Program, which was created during the 2003 legislative session to monitor collateral maintained by depositories for local government agency deposits. This program provides for centralized processing and management of all pledging and maintenance of collateral by the State Treasurer's Office, rather than each local agency and eliminates the need for the City to establish separate custodial agreements with each financial institution.

At year end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$37,422,024, and the bank balance was \$37,154,748. At year end, the City's bank balance was either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or fully collateralized, as discussed in the preceding paragraph.

GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The fair value measurement level within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is deemed significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

At year end, the estimated fair value of the City's investments were based on:

- Level 1 Quoted market prices provided by recognized broker dealers.
- Level 2 A matrix pricing model, by recognized broker dealers, which maximizes the use of observable inputs for similar securities or, for certificates of deposit, amortized cost.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs including the City's proportionate share of pooled investments.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City manages its exposure to interest rate risk by purchasing a combination of short-term and long-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

At year end, the City had the following cash equivalents and investments:

		Reported		Investment	Maturities	
	Investment	Amount	100 L	Less than		More than
	Rating	(Fair Value)	On Demand	1 year	1 to 5 years	5 years
Level 1						
Equity securities	Not rated \$	623 \$	623			
Money market fund	Not rated	1,776,624	1,776,624			
Level 2						
U.S. Agency securities	(1)	4,469,025		0	\$ 3,480,402 \$	988,623
Certificates of deposit	Not rated	13,799,150	\$	3,029,611	10,769,539	
Level 3						
Local Government						
Investment Pool	Not rated _	65,785,719	65,785,719			
Total cash equivalents						
and investments	<u>\$</u>	85,831,141 \$	67,562,966 \$	3,029,611	\$ 14,249,941 \$	988,623

⁽¹⁾ The requirement to disclose credit ratings does not apply to debt securities of the United States government, or obligations of United States government agencies that are explicitly guaranteed by the United States government.

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment and concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical organization.

Custodial credit risk related to investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

NRS help protect against loss resulting from credit and custodial risk by setting limits on the maximum percentage that can be invested in a single issuer. The City places no limits on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the NRS.

Investments in any type of investment that represent 5% or more of total investments at year end, were as follows:

	Percentage of Portfolio
U.S. Agency securities	5.21%
Certificates of deposit	16.08%
Local Government	
Investment Pool	76.65%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	-	Balance une 30, 2020 (Restated)	<u>Increases</u>		<u>Decreases</u>	Transfers (1)	Balance June 30, 2021
Governmental activities							
Capital assets not being depreciated or amortized							
Construction in progress Land Art	\$	17,512,630 \$ 28,112,512 504,750	1,902,462	\$	(308,682)	(18,330,635)	\$ 1,084,457 27,803,830 504,750
Ait		304,730		-	*		304,730
Total capital assets not being depreciated or amortized		46,129,892	1,902,462	_	(308,682)	(18,330,635)	29,393,037
Capital assets being depreciated or amortized							
Buildings and building improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery, equipment and furniture Infrastructure	ş .	13,993,566 43,610,093 17,398,711 76,026,505		_	(97,480) (376,231) (3,349,769) (16,695,778)	250,832 (908,932) 349,198 18,639,537	14,146,918 42,324,930 14,398,140 77,970,264
Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized		151,028,875			(20,519,258)	18,330,635	148,840,252
Accumulated depreciation and amortization							
Buildings and building improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery, equipment and furniture Infrastructure	_	(6,695,633) (22,846,867) (12,566,564) (53,844,590)	(389,257) (1,535,991) (1,102,006) (2,032,668)		108,915 281,435 3,348,802 16,686,326	105,883 (105,883)	(6,975,975) (23,995,540) (10,319,768) (39,296,815)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization		(95,953,654)	(5,059,922)	_	20,425,478		(80,588,098)
Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized, net	_	55,075,221	(5,059,922)	_	(93,780)	18,330,635	68,252,154
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	101,205,113 \$	(3,157,460)	\$	(402,462)\$		97,645,191

⁽¹⁾ Includes transfers from and to business-type activities, if any.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Capital assets not being depreciated or amortized Solution S	174) 227) 795)	8,658,831 606,375 9,265,206 1,965,972 27,507,007 4,955,305
amortized Construction in progress \$ 8,066,853 \$ 5,793,152 \$ (5,201, 606,375) Total capital assets not being depreciated or amortized \$ 8,673,228 \$ 5,793,152 \$ (5,201, 606,375) Capital assets being depreciated or amortized Buildings and building improvements 423,165 1,542,807	174) 227) 795)	9,265,206 1,965,972 27,507,007
Land 606,375 Total capital assets not being depreciated or amortized 8,673,228 5,793,152 (5,201, 6,	174) 227) 795)	9,265,206 1,965,972 27,507,007
amortized 8,673,228 5,793,152 (5,201. Capital assets being depreciated or amortized Buildings and building improvements 423,165 1,542,807 Improvements other than buildings 28,199,602 \$ (262,368) (430, 430, 430, 430) Machinery, equipment and furniture 5,870,833 (397,733) (517, 430, 430)	,227) ,795)	1,965,972 27,507,007
Buildings and building improvements 423,165 1,542,807 Improvements other than buildings 28,199,602 \$ (262,368) (430, Machinery, equipment and furniture 5,870,833 (397,733) (517,	795)	27,507,007
Improvements other than buildings 28,199,602 \$ (262,368) (430, 430, 430, 430) Machinery, equipment and furniture 5,870,833 (397,733) (517, 430, 430)	795)	27,507,007
		98,400,848
Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized	174	132,829,132
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		
Buildings and building improvements (358,982) (65,099) 71 Improvements other than buildings (8,838,021) (942,194) 131,731 25, Machinery, equipment and furniture (2,992,931) (509,801) 373,218 659, Utility delivery systems (51,430,469) (2,384,155) 6,435,457 (685,		(424,010) (9,623,184) (2,469,569) (48,064,412)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization (63,620,403) (3,901,249) 6,940,477		(60,581,175)
Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized, net 69,588,228 (1,924,539) (616,906) 5,201,	.174	72,247,957
Total business-type activities <u>\$ 78,261,456</u> <u>\$ 3,868,613</u> <u>\$ (616,906)</u> \$	\$_	81,513,163
(1) Includes transfers from and to governmental activities, if any.		
Depreciation and amortization expense for the year, by function/program was as follows:		
Governmental activities		
General government Public safety Judicial Public works Culture and recreation Community support	\$	88,926 786,471 67,944 2,839,729 1,267,657 9,195
Total governmental activities	\$	5,059,922
Business-type activities		
Utility Aviation Cemetery	\$	2,922,858 962,097 16,294
Total business-type activities	<u>\$</u>	3,901,249

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Interfund Transfers

Transfers of resources collected in various funds are used to finance various programs and expenditures accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization.

At year end, interfund transfers were as follows:

Transfer In Fund	Transfer Out Fund	Amount
Non-major governmental funds Non-major governmental funds Utility fund	General fund Capital improvement, special revenue fund Capital improvement, special revenue fund	\$ 11,224,546 1,000,000 3,150,000
		\$ 15,375,546

Long-term Liabilities

The City issues general obligation bonds and notes to finance the improvement, acquisition or construction of capital assets. When issued, these bond and notes constitutes general obligations of the City, and the full faith and credit of the City are pledged for the payment of principal and interest. In addition, the City may issue revenue bonds to finance the improvement, acquisition or construction of capital assets. When issued, the City pledges specific revenues to repay these bonds.

Outstanding Debt

At year end, the City's outstanding debt was comprised solely of direct placement revenue bonds, as follows:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Balance June 30, 2021
Business-type activities				
Utility revenue (direct placement) refunding bonds, series 2019	June 1 2020 – June 1, 2032	2.06%	\$ 23,495,00	0 \$ 21,749,000

Pledged Revenues

Revenues pledged for the repayment of these bonds was as follows:

Pledged revenue	Utility (water, electric, sewer and refuse) customer revenues, no operating expenses	et of specified
Total revenue bond principal and interest remaining to be paid at year end	\$	24,528,558
Total revenue bond principal and interest paid during the year		2,229,997
Net pledged revenue for the year		14,136,524

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Annual Debt Service Requirements

At year end, annual debt service requirements to maturity were as follows:

For the year ended June 30		Principal	Interest
Business-type activities (direct placement bonds)			
2022	\$	1,782,000 \$	441,973
2023		1,818,000	408,199
2024		1,856,000	370,683
2025		1,894,000	332,385
2026		1,933,000	293,301
2027 - 2031		10,281,000	851,424
2032	_	2,185,000	41,260
Total business-type activities (direct placement bonds)	\$	21,749,000 \$	2,739,225

Debt Covenants and Legal Debt Margin

Certain long-term debt is subject to restrictive debt covenants with which management believes the City to be in compliance.

The amount of general obligation, long-term debt that can be incurred by the City is limited by NRS and the City's charter. The total outstanding long-term debt principal during a year is limited to no more than 30% of the assessed value of taxable property at the beginning of the fiscal year. Management believes the City to be in compliance with this limitation.

Arbitrage Rebate Requirement

The Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986 imposes a rebate requirement with respect to certain long-term debt obligations. Under this Act, an arbitrage amount may be required to be rebated to the United States Treasury for interest on bonds to qualify for exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Rebatable arbitrage is computed as of each installment computation date. As of the most recent date, management believes that there is no rebatable arbitrage amount due. Future calculations might result in adjustments to this determination.

Segment Information

The City has issued long-term debt (in some cases revenue supported) to finance the improvement, acquisition, or construction of capital assets. This debt has historically been paid from the revenues of the City's utility fund. The financial position, results of operations and cash flows of this enterprise fund are presented separately in the accompanying proprietary fund financial statements and no additional segment information disclosure is considered necessary.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Long-term Liabilities Activity

Long-term liabilities activity for the year was as follows:

	<u>J</u> 1	Balance ine 30, 2020	Increases		<u>Decreases</u>	Balance June 30, 2021	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities							
Capital leases							
De Lage Landen Golf Course EQ	\$	106,401		\$	(106,401)		
Compensated absences		3,610,172 \$	1,620,289		(1,225,843)\$	4,004,618 \$	1,074,531
Postemployment benefits other than pensions		990,641	125,534		(68,490)	1,047,685	37 S
Net pension liability	5	27,270,639	3,936,490	-	(2,172,394)	29,034,735	=======================================
Total governmental activities		31,977,853	5,682,313	_	(3,573,128)	34,087,038	1,074,531
Business-type activities							
Revenue bonds							
Utility revenue (direct placement)							
refunding bonds, series 2019		23,495,000			(1,746,000)	21,749,000	1,782,000
Compensated absences		776,783	328,631		(356,986)	748,428	187,107
Postemployment benefits other than pensions		168,902	1,908		(101,313)	69,497	7.16.11.57.71.7
Net pension liability		6,261,679	623,936	22	(1,185,085)	5,700,530	
Total business-type activities	_	30,702,364	954,475		(3,389,384)	28,267,455	1,969,107
Total long-term liabilities	\$	62,680,217 \$	6,636,788	\$	(6,962,512)\$	62,354,493 \$	3,043,638

Compensated absences, net pension liability and postemployment benefits other than pensions are typically liquidated by the fund incurring the related salaries and wages (primarily the general, utility and aviation funds). However, it should be noted that the City maintains the compensated absences special revenue fund to accumulate resources to be used to pay individually significant compensated absences balances upon long-term employee separation.

Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current landfill activities, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on estimated future closure and post-closure care costs, which will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The capacity for the landfill is currently 160 acres. The reported landfill closure and post-closure care cost obligation of \$1,217,781 represents the cumulative costs recorded to date, which is based on 15.01% capacity usage of the landfill at year end. The total estimated closure and post-closure costs are currently estimated at \$8,114,341, and accordingly, an additional \$6,896,560 in costs are expected to be recognized through 2049, the year in which the landfill is expected to be fully utilized.

As of year end, the City has accumulated cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$1,551,267, which are being held in an interest-bearing account and are included in restricted assets on the City's government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position.

The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of year

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

end. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may fluctuate due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The City is also required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to finance closure and post-closure care. The City plans to make future contributions to this fund and use the working capital of the utility fund to meet this obligation. It is anticipated that future inflation costs will be financed in part from investment earnings. The remaining portion of anticipated future inflation costs and additional costs that might arise from changes in post-closure requirements (for example, due to changes in technology or landfill laws and regulations) may need to be covered by additional charges to future landfill users, taxpayers or both.

The City is the beneficiary of a \$500,000 third-party letter of credit, which functions as an additional funding mechanism to help assure adequate funds are available to meet future landfill closure and post closure costs. As of year end, none of the line of credit had been used.

Lease Revenue

The City receives lease revenue for the use of land and buildings by various entities for solar power generation facilities, aviation services and communications purposes. These leases expire (including expected renewal periods) at various times through 2106.

At year end, minimum future lease revenue under these non-cancelable leases was as follows:

		Go	vernmental Activi	ties	Business-type Activities
For the year ended June 30		General Fund	Capital Improvements Special Revenue Fund	Non-major Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Aviation Fund
2022	\$	14,302,106	\$ 3,635,015	\$ 1,008,640 \$	1,299,685
2023	(7)	14,332,688		1,006,352	1,334,590
2024		14,919,615		1,004,467	1,334,023
2025		14,972,218		1,008,316	1,348,400
2026		15,042,993	3,685,244	1,013,442	1,368,599
2027 - 2031		68,282,336		4,835,807	2,572,867
2032 - 2036		69,100,720	17,985,213	5,704,468	2,775,903
2037 - 2041		71,636,031	18,521,840	5,093,506	2,061,513
2042 - 2046		70,258,667		4,994,458	2014 \$000 00 EV 00 VI
2047 - 2051		74,845,773	19,330,591	5,315,912	
2052 - 2056		79,633,585	20,536,504	5,647,651	
2057 - 2061		79,913,765	20,524,047	5,644,113	
2062 - 2066		58,324,061	15,610,057	4,292,766	
2067 - 2071		54,023,179	14,504,127	3,988,635	
2072 - 2076		41,885,370	11,245,703	3,092,568	
2077 - 2081		20,055,658	5,348,398	1,470,810	
2082 - 2086		4,825,911	1,295,547	356,275	
2087 - 2091		5,594,553	1,501,893	413,021	
2092 - 2096		6,485,621	1,741,106	478,804	
2097 - 2101		7,518,612	2,018,419	555,065	
2102 - 2106	_	4,777,635	1,282,587	352,711	
Total lease revenue	\$	790,731,097	\$ 205,476,909	\$ 57,277,787 \$	14.095.580

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Unearned revenue is reported in connection with lease revenue that has been received, but not yet earned. At year end, unearned lease revenue was as follows:

Governmental activities	
General fund Capital improvements, special revenue fund	\$ 3,785,655 962,508
Non-major governmental funds	129,720
Total governmental activities	4,877,883
Business-type activities	
Aviation fund	32,742
Total unearned lease revenue	\$ 4,910,625

Operating Lease Commitments

The City has entered into noncancelable leases for office and police equipment. These leases expire at various times through June 2023. For the current year, lease expense, for these noncancelable leases, totaled \$161,814. At year end, the City's future minimum lease payments under these non-cancelable leases was as follows:

For the year ended June 30		
2022	\$	128,133
2023	<u> </u>	27,090
Total future minimum lease payments	\$	155,223

Other Commitments

Governmental fund commitments outstanding for construction and construction-related services at year end totaled approximately \$17.3 million and \$3.5 million for non-construction related services.

Proprietary fund commitments outstanding for construction and construction-related services at year end totaled approximately \$14.1 million and \$10.7 million for non-construction related services.

Note 4. Other Information

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For these and other risks, the City is a participating member of the Nevada Public Agency Insurance Pool (the Pool). The Pool was created through an interlocal cooperative agreement. As a participating member, the City is entitled to all the rights, privileges and protections and subject to all the duties and responsibilities under the agreement and bylaws of the Pool.

At year end, 122 public agencies, including the City, are members of the Pool. Pool premiums are based on policy coverage and the City does not have any liability beyond the premium amounts paid and normal policy deductible limits. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

At year end, the City's coverage for various types of risks, with a maintenance deductible of \$10,000 for each and every loss, claim or event, was as follows:

Property, crime and equipment

Blanket coverage for all risks of physical loss or damage

Sublimit for earthquake and flood coverage

Sublimit for flood coverage Zone A

Sublimit for equipment breakdown, boiler and machinery

Sublimit for crime including money and securities

Casualty

Bodily injury, property damage and personal injury

Employment based benefits administration

Law enforcement activities and wrongful acts

Cyber security

Soil pollution

Cyber security event, including privacy response

expense coverage

\$3,000,000 per event, \$3,000,000 annual aggregate

\$10,000,000 per event, \$10,000,000 annual aggregate

\$10,000,000 per event, \$10,000,000 annual aggregate

\$2,000,000,000 per incident

\$300,000,000 per loss

\$150,000,000 annual aggregate

\$25,000,000 annual aggregate

\$100,000,000 per accident \$500,000,000 per loss

At year end, the City's airport liability insurance, with no deductible, was as follows:

Completed operations, personal injury, advertising

injury, and malpractice

Fire damage

Medical expense

Hanger keepers Non-owned aircraft liability

\$250,000,000 per fire

\$10,000,000 annual aggregate

\$50,000,000 per person

\$10,000,000 per occurrence or aircraft

\$10,000,000 per occurrence

The City is also a member of the Public Agency Compensation Trust (the PACT), which is a risk-sharing arrangement among Nevada public entities that operates as a workers' compensation association self-insured group authorized to provide all compensation and benefits required by the Workers' Compensation Law. The PACT was created through an interlocal cooperative agreement. The City pays PACT premiums based on payroll costs. The PACT is considered a self-sustaining entity that provides workers compensation coverage based on established statutory limits.

At year end, the City's workers compensation coverage limits, with no maintenance deductible, was as follows:

Workers compensation or indemnity

Disease

82,500,000 per accident
\$2,500,000 per employee

Bodily injury

\$2,000,000 per accident

\$2,000,000 per accident

\$2,000,000 per employee

\$2,000,000 per employee

PACT has a specific retention of \$300,000 for each and every loss and/or claim and/or occurrence and the corridor deductible has been eliminated in its entirety. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Contingent Liabilities

In the ordinary course of its operations, claims are filed against the City including, but not limited to, those arising from alleged improper actions by employees, police actions and negligence. City management intends to vigorously defend each claim. Although total damages claimed may at times be substantial, management believes that these claims will not result in any material adverse future effect on the City's financial position, results of operation or cash flows.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The City does not accrue for estimated future legal and defense costs, if any, to be incurred in connection with outstanding or threatened litigation and other disputed matters, but rather records such period costs when the services are rendered.

COVID-19 Pandemic

During the first quarter of 2020, the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic caused significant volatility in U.S. and international economies and led to a global health emergency. As a result, all non-essential business operations in Nevada ceased on March 17, 2020, and did not begin reopening until mid-May 2020.

A significant portion of the City's revenues are related and the closure of businesses in Nevada had a significant adverse impact on intergovernmental shared revenues comprised primarily of sales and use taxes. Intergovernmental shared revenues comprise approximately 34.89% of general fund revenues.

Although the economy has started to rebound and stabilize, the ultimate impact of the COVID-19 pandemic continues to evolve. The City's management continues to actively monitor the COVID-19 pandemic impact on City's financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. As such, the full magnitude that the COVID-19 pandemic will ultimately have on the City's financial position and changes therein cannot be determined at this time.

Joint Ventures

Southern Nevada Water Authority (SNWA)

The SNWA is a political subdivision of the State, which was created by a cooperative agreement between the City, Big Bend Water District, Las Vegas Valley Water District, City of Henderson, City of Las Vegas, City of North Las Vegas and Clark County Water Reclamation District (the SNWA Members). SNWA's purpose is to secure additional supplies of water and effectively manage existing water supplies through cooperative action of the SNWA Members.

SNWA has the power to periodically assess the SNWA Members directly for operating and capital budgets and for the satisfaction of any liabilities imposed against SNWA. Assessments for funds needed by the SNWA, in accordance with approved operating and capital budgets, have been apportioned to the SNWA Members based on water deliveries to the SNWA Member. SNWA Members that are not potable water purveyors (the City of Las Vegas and Clark County Water Reclamation District) each contribute \$35,000 annually to SNWA.

The City and other members do not have an expressed claim to the resources of the SNWA, except that upon termination of the joint venture, any water rights or facilities remaining after payment of all obligations shall be returned to the contributing SNWA Members.

The business and other affairs of the SNWA are conducted by a seven-member Board of Directors comprised of one Director appointed by each SNWA Member agency.

The City is committed to purchase water from SNWA through 2033.

Audited financial statements of SNWA may be obtained by visiting www.snwa.com or by writing:

Treasurer Southern Nevada Water Authority 1001 South Valley View Boulevard, Mail Stop 320 Las Vegas, Nevada 89107

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Silver State Energy Association (SSEA)

The SSEA was established as a joint venture through an interlocal agreement among the member agencies (the SSEA Members), which, in addition to the City, include the Colorado River Commission of Southern Nevada, Lincoln Power District No. 1, Overton Power District No. 5 and the SNWA.

The SSEA is an association of public agencies with the common goal of jointly planning, developing, owning and operating power resources to meet their own needs and those of their customers. The economies of scale produced by the SSEA offer improved project development opportunities and power purchasing capabilities, the sharing of resources and expertise, and the opportunity for jointly managed energy needs. As appropriate projects are selected for development, the SSEA Members involved in each project enter into a project service agreement (PSA) indicating each participating SSEA Member's allocation of project costs.

The business and other affairs of the SSEA are conducted by a Board of Directors consisting of one director appointed by each SSEA Member. The appointed director may, but need not be, a member of the SSEA Member governing body.

Audited financial statements of SSEA may be obtained by visiting www.silverstateenergy.org or by writing:

Manager of Energy Accounting Silver State Energy Association P.O. Box 99956, MS 115 Las Vegas, Nevada 89106

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

In accordance with NRS, the City provides other postemployment benefits to retirees by participating in the State's Public Employee Benefit Plan (PEBP), an agent, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by a ten member governing board appointed by the Governor, including an Executive Officer who directs the program and serves at the pleasure of the Board. The PEBP provides medical, prescription, dental and vision benefits to retirees. The City does not provide any other OPEB (either directly or indirectly).

The PEBP issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing:

Public Employee Benefit Plan 901 South Stewart Street, Suite 101 Carson City, NV 89701

The PEBP eligibility and subsidy requirements are governed by NRS and can only be amended through legislation. For a retiree to participate in the PEPB, the retiree must be receiving a PERS benefit. PERS eligibility varies by employee group and benefit type, as discussed elsewhere herein. In 2008, NRS were amended. As a result of this amendment, the number of retirees for whom the City is obligated to provide OPEB is limited to eligible employees who retired prior to September 1, 2008.

Retirees and former employees who were eligible and elected the PEBP coverage are entitled to a subsidy toward their premium cost based on their years of covered employment under Nevada PERS. This subsidy is shared on a pro-rata basis by the employers for which the retiree has worked and earned PERS service credit. As a result, the City is required to provide a subsidy, based on years of service for its retirees and former employees that have enrolled in the PEBP. The State Legislature changes the benefit subsidies from time to time; and although, the monthly subsidy continues to be based on years of credited service under PERS, the level differs for pre-Medicare and Medicare eligible retirees. The subsidy ends at the earlier of the retiree's death or the date he or she discontinues coverage. In the

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

current fiscal year, the City paid a subsidy ranged from \$5 to \$1,526 per person, per month and totaled \$73,033 for the year.

The City's total OPEB obligation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date Measurement date

Discount rate

Inflation rate Actuarial cost method Total retirees

Average retiree age Projected pay increase (1) Healthcare cost trend

Mortality rates Mortality improvement June 30, 2020 June 30, 2021

2.16%, beginning of year

2.21%, end of year

Based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond

Municipal Bond Index 2.50%

Entry age normal

23, beginning of year 22, end of year 70.8 years

Pre-Medicare - 5.30% in 2021 fluctuating down to 3.90% by 2027

Post-Medicare - 4.50%

NVPERS 2017 Experience Study

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MW Scale 2020

There were no changes in OPEB benefit terms that affected the measurement of the City's total OPEB liability during the current year.

At year end, the City's total OPEB liability sensitivity to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rate was as follows:

	Discount Rate Discount Rate Discount Rate
Total OPEB liability	<u>\$ 1,247,050</u> <u>\$ 1,117,182</u> <u>\$ 1,010,225</u>
	1% Decrease in Healthcare Healthcare Trend Rate 1% Increase in Healthcare Healthcare Trend Rate
Total OPEB liability	<u>\$ 1,014,011</u> <u>\$ 1,117,182</u> <u>\$ 1,239,704</u>

Changes in the City's total OPEB liability were as follows:

changes in the City's total Of EB hability were as follows.		
Interest on total OPEB liability Change in assumptions and other inputs	\$	24,819 5,853
Service cost (1)		
OPEB expense		30,672
Benefit payments (equal to employer contributions)		(73,033)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(42,361)
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year (2)	<u>25.</u>	1,159,543
Total OPEB liability, end of year (2)	\$	1,117,182

⁽¹⁾ PEBF is a closed plan and the number of employees for whom the City is obligated to provide OPEB is limited to eligible employees who retired prior to September 1, 2008.

(2) The plan fiduciary net position at the beginning and end of year is zero; therefore, the City reports its total OPEB liability, rather than a net OPEB liability.

⁽¹⁾ PEBP is a closed plan and the number of employees for whom the City is obligated to provide OPEB is limited to eligible employees who retired prior to September 1, 2008.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

As the City's total OPEB liability includes only retirees, the average expected remaining service life is zero; and therefore, changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources are recognized in OPEB expense in the year incurred.

Multiple-Employer, Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The City's employees are covered by the Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada (PERS), which was established by the Nevada Legislature in 1947, effective July 1, 1948, and is governed by the Public Employees' Retirement Board (the PERS Board) whose seven members are appointed by the governor. The City does not exercise any control over PERS.

PERS is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit public employees' retirement system, which includes both regular and police/fire members. PERS is administered to provide a reasonable base income to qualified employees who have been employed by a public employer and whose earnings capacities have been removed or substantially impaired by age or disability.

Benefits, as required by NRS, are determined by the number of years of accredited service at the time of retirement and the member's highest average compensation in any 36 consecutive months with special provisions for members entering the system on or after January 1, 2010, and July 1, 2015. Benefit payments to which participants or their beneficiaries may be entitled under the plan include pension benefits, disability benefits and survivor benefits.

Monthly benefit allowances for members are computed as 2.5% of average compensation for each accredited year of service prior to July 1, 2001. For service earned on and after July 1, 2001, this multiplier is 2.67% of average compensation. For members entering the system on or after January 1, 2010, there is a 2.5% multiplier. Regular members entering PERS on or after July 1, 2015, have a 2.25% multiplier. PERS offers several alternatives to the unmodified service retirement allowance, which, in general, allow the retired employee to accept a reduced service retirement allowance payable monthly during his or her lifetime and various optional monthly payments to a named beneficiary after his or her death.

Post-retirement increases are provided by authority of NRS 286.575 - .579 and are summarized as follows:

Retirees are eligible for annual benefit increases starting the fourth year of initially receiving benefits. Benefits are increased annually on the first day of the month following the anniversary of the commencement of benefits. The increases begin at 2% in years four, five, and six; increase to 3% in years seven, eight, and nine; 3.5% in years ten, eleven, and twelve; 4% for years thirteen and fourteen; and 5% in year fifteen and each year thereafter. If the benefit outpaces inflation in the period since retirement, the increase may be capped by a rolling three-year average of the Consumer Price Index (all items).

Retirees who enter the System on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for annual benefit increases starting the fourth year of initially receiving benefits. Benefits are increased annually on the first day of the month following the anniversary of the commencement of benefits. The increases begin at 2% in years four, five, and six; increase to 3% in years seven, eight, and nine; 3.5% in years ten, eleven, and twelve; and 4% in year thirteen and each year thereafter. If the benefit outpaces inflation in the period since retirement, the increase may be capped by a rolling three-year average of the Consumer Price Index (all items)

Retirees who enter the System on or after July 1, 2015, are eligible for annual benefit increases starting the fourth year of initially receiving benefits. Benefits are increased annually on the first day of the month following the anniversary of the commencement of benefits. The increases begin at 2% in years four, five, and six; increase to 2.5% in years seven, eight, and nine; then adjust to the lesser of 3% or the increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index (all items) for the preceding calendar year following the tenth year and every year thereafter.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Regular members are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years of service, or at any age with thirty years of service. Regular members entering the system on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, or age 62 with 10 years of service, or any age with thirty years of service. Regular members entering the system on or after July 1, 2015, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 62 with ten years of service, at age 55 with 30 years of service, or at any age with 33 1/3 years of service.

Police/fire members are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 55 with ten years of service, at age 50 with twenty years of service, or at any age with twenty-five years of service. Police/fire members entering the system on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, or age 60 with ten years of service, or age 50 with twenty years of service, or at any age with thirty years of service. Police/Fire entering the system on or after July 1, 2015, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 60 with ten years of service, at age 50 with twenty years of service, and at any age with 33 1/3 years of service. Only service performed in a position as a police officer or firefighter may be counted toward the eligibility for retirement as police/fire accredited service.

Members with the years of service necessary to receive a retirement benefit, but who have not reached the age for an unreduced benefit may retire at any age with the benefit reduced by 4% for each full year they are under the required age. Members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, with the years of service necessary to receive a retirement benefit, but who have not reached the age for an unreduced benefit may retire at any age with the benefit reduced by 6% for each full year they are under the required age.

The normal ceiling limitation on the monthly benefit allowances is 75% of average compensation. However, a member who has an effective date of membership before July 1, 1985, is entitled to a benefit of up to 90% of average compensation. Both regular and police/fire members become fully vested as to benefits upon completion of five years of service.

The authority for establishing and amending the obligation to make contributions and member contribution rates rests with NRS. New hires, in agencies which did not elect the employer-pay contribution (EPC) plan prior to July 1, 1983, have the option of selecting one of two alternative contribution plans. One plan provides for matching employee and employer contributions, while the other plan provides for employer pay contributions only. Under the matching employee/employer contribution plan a member may, upon termination of service for which contribution is required, withdraw employee contributions that have been credited to their account. All membership rights and active service credit in the System are canceled upon withdrawal of contributions from the member's account. If EPC was elected, the member cannot convert to the Employee/Employer Contribution plan and cannot withdraw these contributions.

PERS's basic funding policy provides for periodic contributions at a level pattern of cost as a percentage of salary throughout an employee's working lifetime in order to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. PERS receives an actuarial valuation on an annual basis for determining the prospective funding contribution rates required to fund the system on an actuarial reserve basis. Contributions actually made are in accordance with the required rates established by NRS. These statutory rates are increased/decreased pursuant to NRS 286.421 and 286.450. The actuarial funding method used is the entry age normal cost method. It is intended to meet the funding objective and result in a relatively level long-term contributions requirement as a percentage of salary.

For the current year, the required employer/employee matching rate was 15.25% for regular and 22.0% for police/fire members. The EPC rate was 29.25% for regular and 42.50% for police/fire members.

Effective July 1, 2021, the required employer/employee match rates increased to 15.5% for regular and 22.75% for police/fire members. The EPC rates also increase to 29.75% for regular and 44.0% for police/fire members.

(Continued) 66

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information. This report is available on the PERS website, www.nvpers.org under publications.

PERS collective net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. For this purpose, certain actuarial valuation assumptions are stipulated by GASB and may vary from those used to determine the prospective funding contribution rates.

The total PERS pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions (based on the results of an experience study for the period July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016), applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2020
Inflation rate	2.75%, beginning of year
	2.75%, end of year
Payroll growth	5.50% for regular employees
	6.50% for police/fire
Investment rate of return	7.50%, beginning of year
	7.50%, end of year
Discount rate	7.50%
Productivity pay increase	0.50%
Consumer price index	2.75%
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal and level percentage of payroll
Projected salary increases	Regular: 4.25% to 9.15%, depending on service
	Police/Fire: 4.55% to 13.90%, depending on service
	Rates include inflation and productivity increases

As of the measurement date, assumed mortality rates and projected life expectancies for selected ages were as follows:

	Mortality	Mortality Rates		Expected Years of Life Remaining	
Age	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	Males	<u>Females</u>	
40	0.20%	0.14%	40.4	43.6	
50	0.49%	0.38%	31.4	34.5	
60	0.90%	0.59%	23.2	25.9	
70	1.81%	1.26%	15.6	17.7	
80	4.55%	3.42%	9.1	10.5	

These mortality rates and projected life expectancies are based on the following:

Pre-retirement - Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Employee Table, projected to 2020 with Scale MP-2016.

Healthy – Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Table projected to 2020 with Scale MP-2016, set forward one year for spouses and beneficiaries. The Healthy Annuitant Tables have rates only for ages 50 and later. For ages less than 50, mortality rates are based on the Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables. Those mortality rates are adjusted by the ratio of the mortality rate for members at age 50 from the Employee Table listed above. The mortality rates are then projected to 2020 with Scale MP-2016.

Disabled - Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, set forward four years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PERS's policies, which determine the investment portfolio target asset allocation, are established by the PERS Board. The asset allocation is reviewed annually and is designed to meet the future risk and return needs of PERS. The following target asset allocation policy was adopted as of June 30, 2020:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-term Geometric Expected Real Rate of Return (1)
U.S stocks	42%	5.50%
International stocks	18%	5.50%
U.S. bonds	28%	0.75%
Private markets	12%	6.65%

⁽¹⁾ The long-term inflation assumption was 2.75%.

The discount rate used to measure the PERS total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan contributions will be made in amounts consistent with statutory provisions and recognizing the plan's current funding policy and cost-sharing mechanism between employers and members. Based on that assumption, PERS fiduciary net position at the measurement date, was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.5%) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the PERS total pension liability as of the measurement date.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability at year end, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.5%) or 1% higher (8.5%) than the current discount rate was as follows:

	1% Decrease in		1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	
Net pension liability	\$ 54,173,592	\$ 34,735,265	\$ 18,573,739	

Detailed information about the PERS fiduciary net position is available in the PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, available on the PERS website, www.nvpers.org under publications. The PERS fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from it have been determined on the same basis used in the PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The PERS financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP applicable to governmental accounting for fiduciary funds. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The City's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability was \$34,735,265, which represents 0.24939% of the collective net pension liability. Contributions for employer pay dates within the measurement year were used as the basis for determining each employer's proportionate share. Each employer's proportion of the net pension liability is based on their combined employer and member contributions relative to the total combined employer and member contributions for all employers for the measurement year.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

For the current year, the City's pension expense was \$3,576,566 and its reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions were as follows:

	C	Deferred outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,079,201 \$	448,517
Changes of assumptions or other inputs			1,312,151
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		975,676	
Changes in proportion and differences between actual contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions		2,412,407	611,609
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		2,683,043	
	\$	7,150,327 \$	2,372,277

At June 30, 2020, the average expected remaining service life was 6.13 years.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date totaling \$2,683,043 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the year ended June 30	
2022	\$ (3,911,070)
2023	1,945,955
2024	2,247,342
2025	1,572,326
2026	224,571
Thereafter	15,883
Changes in the City's net pension liability were as follows: Net pension liability, beginning of year	\$ 33,532,318
Pension expense	3,576,566
Employer contributions	(2,598,911)
Change in net deferred outflows and inflows of resources	225,292

At year end, payroll and benefits payable included \$711,505 payable to PERS, for the June required contributions and the accrued portion of July required contributions resulting from time working in June.

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Required Supplementary Information

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City of Boulder City

Public Employee Benefits Program
Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)
Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

For the Year Ended June 30, (1)	Service Cost (2)	To	terest on tal OPEB Liability	Ex	ifferences Between pected and Actual xperience	As	hanges in sumptions nd Other Inputs	1	Benefit Payments	N	t Change in Net OPEB Liability
2018		\$	44,099			S	(36,902)	\$	(97,732)	\$	(90,535)
2019			44,007				44,715		(106,176)		(17,454)
2020			39,456	\$	(95,043)		132,755		(89,875)		(12,707)
2021			24,819				5,853		(73,033)		(42,361)

(Continued)

City of Boulder City

Public Employee Benefits Program
Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)
Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

For the Year Ended June 30, (1)	I E	Total OPEB Liability, Beginning of Year		otal OPEB ability, End of Year	Plan Fiduciary Net Position Beginning and End of Year (3)	Net OPEB ability, End of Year	Covered- Employee Payroll (2)
2018	\$	1,280,239	\$	1,189,704		\$ 1,189,704	
2019		1,189,704		1,172,250		1,172,250	
2020		1,172,250		1,159,543		1,159,543	
2021		1,159,543		1,117,182		1,117,182	

⁽i) Information for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension is not available for years prior to the year ended June 30, 2018. As additional information becomes available, this schedule will ultimately present information for the ten most recent fiscal years.

⁽²⁾ The Public Employee Benefit Program is a closed plan and the number of employees for whom the City is obligated to provide OPEB is limited to eligible employees who retired prior to September 1, 2008. Therefore, service cost and covered-employee payroll are both zero. As a result, the net OPEB liability as a percent of covered-employee payroll is not applicable.

⁽³⁾ Employer contributions are equal to the benefit payments made during the year, and therefore, the beginning and ending plan fiduciary net position is zero.

As a result, the plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability is not applicable.

Public Employee Benefits Program
Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)
Statutorily Required Contribution Information
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

For the Year Ended June 30, (1)	Re	tutorily equired tribution	Rela Si	tribution in ation to the tatutorily Required ntribution	Contribution Excess (Deficiency)	Covered- Employee Payroll (2)
2018	\$	97,732	\$	97,732		
2019		106,176		106,176		
2020		89,875		89,875		
2021		73,033		73,033		

⁽¹⁾ Information for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension is not available for years prior to the year ended June 30, 2018. As additional information becomes available, this schedule will ultimately present information for the ten most recent fiscal years.

⁽²⁾ The Public Employee Benefit Program is a closed plan and the number of employees for whom the City is obligated to provide OPEB is limited to eligible employees who retired prior to September 1, 2008. Therefore, the covered-employee payroll is zero. As a result, the statutorily required contribution as a percent of covered-employee payroll is not applicable.

Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada (PERS) Multiple-Employer Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

For the Measurement Year Ended June 30, (1)	Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability	th	Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability		Covered Payroll	Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	PERS Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	
2014	0.22334%	\$	23,276,707	\$	12,408,347	187.59%	76.31%	
2015	0.24512%		28,089,257		14,336,511	195.93%	75.13%	
2016	0.22664%		30,498,741		13,781,585	221.30%	72.20%	
2017	0.22530%		29,965,182		14,247,878	210.31%	74.42%	
2018	0.22530%		31,133,918		13,188,077	236.08%	75.24%	
2019	0.24591%		33,532,318		14,784,474	226.81%	76.46%	
2020	0.24939%		34,735,264		15,556,979	223.28%	77.04%	

⁽¹⁾ Information for the multiple-employer cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan is not available for measurement years prior to the year ended June 30, 2014. As information becomes available, this schedule will ultimately present information for the ten most recent measurement years.

Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada (PERS) Multiple-Employer Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan Proportionate Share of Statutorily Required Contribution Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

For the Year Ended June 30, (1)	Statutorily Required Contribution	Re	entribution in elation to the Statutorily Required contribution	Contribution Excess (Deficiency)	·-	Covered Payroll	Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$ 1,691,44	3 \$	1,691,443		\$	14,336,511	11.80%
2016	1,849,19	8	1,849,198			13,781,585	13.42%
2017	1,983,04	1	1,983,041			14,247,878	13.92%
2018	2,022,31	8	2,022,318			13,188,077	15.33%
2019	2,367,29	8	2,367,298			14,784,474	16.01%
2020	2,598,91	1	2,598,911			15,556,979	16.71%
2021	2,683,04	2	2,683,042			16,547,155	16.21%

⁽¹⁾ Information for the multiple-employer cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan is not available for years prior to the year ended June 30, 2015. As information becomes available, this schedule will ultimately present information for the ten most recent years.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund - Accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in some other fund.

Capital Improvement, Special Revenue Fund – Accounts for the accumulation of resources from the sale or lease of City owned land, which is specifically restricted by the City Charter to be expended on voter approved projects. When designated projects are approved by the voters, resources of this fund are transferred to other funds to pay for capital improvement projects.

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	1,376,142	\$	1,376,142	\$	1,957,932	\$	581,790
Other taxes		192,120		192,120		283,205		91,085
Franchise fees		444,186		444,186		833,344		389,158
Licenses, permits and other fees		765,900		765,900		2,276,223		1,510,323
Charges for services		3,135,272		3,211,213		4,588,168		1,376,955
Intergovernmental		7,591,131		9,569,544		14,504,923		4,935,379
Fines and forfeitures		333,000		333,000		557,633		224,633
Rents and royalties		12,059,871		12,059,871		16,699,581		4,639,710
Investment income		120,000		120,000		60,371		(59,629)
Miscellaneous	_	162,900	_	162,900	_	75,528	_	(87,372)
Total revenues		26,180,522		28,234,876		41,836,908		13,602,032
Expenditures								
General government								
Legislative								
Salaries and wages		635,476		635,476		615,295		20,181
Employee benefits		293,733		293,733		265,611		28,122
Services and supplies		369,981		371,569		296,961	_	74,608
Total legislative		1,299,190		1,300,778	_	1,177,867	_	122,911
Executive								
Salaries and wages		390,681		390,681		344,371		46,310
Employee benefits		223,794		223,794		200,608		23,186
Services and supplies	_	313,451		313,451		189,188	_	124,263
Total executive	-	927,926		927,926	_	734,167	_	193,759
Finance								192 1921
Salaries and wages		592,192		592,192		529,864		62,328
Employee benefits		133,371		133,371		126,115		7,256
Services and supplies		194,100		194,100		108,844		85,256
Total finance	-	919,663		919,663		764,823	_	154,840
Information systems		100000000000000000000000000000000000000		12201212				
Salaries and wages		70,530		70,530		66,808		3,722
Employee benefits		38,543		38,543		37,972		571
Services and supplies	_	690,610		690,610		520,586		170,024
Total information systems		799,683		799,683		625,366	_	174,317

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Central services	Duaget	Duaget	rectual	variance
Employee benefits	130,750	130,750	22,639	108,111
Services and supplies	20,000	20,000	49,978	(29,978)
Total central services	150,750	150,750	72,617	78,133
Communications				
Salaries and wages	146,934	146,934	133,469	13,465
Employee benefits	77,322	77,322	75,300	2,022
Services and supplies	130,070	155,062	178,139	(23,077)
Total communications	354,326	379,318	386,908	(7,590)
Other				
Services and supplies	954,000	954,000		954,000
Total general government	5,405,538	5,432,118	3,761,748	1,670,370
Public safety				
Police				
Salaries and wages	4,207,553	4,207,553	4,095,211	112,342
Employee benefits	2,339,538	2,339,538	2,252,939	86,599
Services and supplies	1,488,547	1,443,547	1,174,997	268,550
Capital outlay		45,000	41,637	3,363
Total police	8,035,638	8,035,638	7,564,784	470,854
Fire				
Salaries and wages	2,843,927	3,798,659	3,084,521	714,138
Employee benefits	1,551,001	1,551,001	1,558,127	(7,126)
Services and supplies	574,210	653,773	580,738	73,035
Capital outlay	<u>-</u>		10,318	(10,318)
Total fire	4,969,138	6,003,433	5,233,704	769,729
Animal control				
Salaries and wages	249,000	249,000	257,499	(8,499)
Employee benefits	119,976	119,976	114,367	5,609
Services and supplies	45,380	45,380	43,212	2,168
Total animal control	414,356	414,356	415,078	(722)
Total public safety	13,419,132	14,453,427	13,213,566	1,239,861

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original	Final		
* * * * *	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
Judicial				
Municipal court	(72.205	672 205	627 100	36,196
Salaries and wages	673,385	673,385	637,189	
Employee benefits	61,900	61,900	72,011 141,318	(10,111 4,970
Services and supplies	146,288	146,288	141,318	4,970
Total judicial	881,573	881,573	850,518	31,055
Public works				
Streets				
Salaries and wages	555,549	555,549	544,868	10,68
Employee benefits	298,678	298,678	297,568	1,11
Services and supplies	252,607	252,607	173,559	79,04
Total streets	1,106,834	1,106,834	1,015,995	90,83
Engineering				
Salaries and wages	275,485	275,485	275,349	13
Employee benefits	126,372	126,372	125,823	54
Services and supplies	93,790	93,790	48,259	45,53
Total engineering	495,647	495,647	449,431	46,21
Administration				
Salaries and wages	364,151	364,151	366,675	(2,52
Employee benefits	165,544	165,544	174,001	(8,45
Services and supplies	844,510	844,510	830,928	13,58
Total administration	1,374,205	1,374,205	1,371,604	2,60
Landscaping				
Salaries and wages	670,058	670,058	646,885	23,17
Employee benefits	326,156	326,156	324,925	1,23
Services and supplies	420,039	420,039	381,403	38,63
Total landscaping	1,416,253	1,416,253	1,353,213	63,04
Building maintenance				
Salaries and wages	518,703	518,703	505,882	12,82
Employee benefits	266,274	266,274	263,843	2,43
Services and supplies	208,253	659,339	210,820	448,51
Total building maintenance	993,230	1,444,316	980,545	463,77
Total public works	5,386,169	5,837,255	5,170,788	666,46

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original	Final	Astrol	No.
Culture and recreation	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
Boulder City municipal				
golf course				
Services and supplies	1,406,751	1,411,751	1,442,462	(30,711)
Services and supplies	1,400,731	1,411,731	1,442,402	(30,711)
Boulder Creek golf course				
Services and supplies	2,073,923	2,078,923	2,135,847	(56,924)
designation of the resolution of the designation of				(,/
Swimming pool				
Salaries and wages	300,754	300,754	236,728	64,026
Employee benefits	74,076	74,076	63,403	10,673
Services and supplies	225,428	225,428	121,604	103,824
Total swimming pool	600,258	600,258	421,735	178,523
Other				
Salaries and wages	1,122,359	1,122,359	974,496	147,863
Employee benefits	403,864	403,864	383,321	20,543
Services and supplies	532,835	524,654	261,784	262,870
Total other	2,059,058	2,050,877	1,619,601	431,276
Total culture and recreation	6,139,990	6,141,809	5,619,645	522,164
Community support				
Administration				
Salaries and wages	336,964	336,964	271,467	65,497
Employee benefits	167,742	167,742	141,126	26,616
Services and supplies	701,443	701,443	684,193	17,250
Total administration	1,206,149	1,206,149	1,096,786	109,363
Total administration	1,200,149	1,200,149	1,090,780	109,303
Community grants				
Services and supplies	377,777	899,307	870,523	28,784
Total community support	1,583,926	2,105,456	1,967,309	138,147
rotal community support	1,363,320	2,103,430	1,907,309	130,147
Total expenditures	32,816,328	34,851,638	30,583,574	4,268,064
Event (Deficiency) of Bosses				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,635,806)	(6,616,762)	11,253,334	17,870,096

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Insurance recoveries Transfers out	3,000 (9,909,601)	3,000 (11,224,546)	(11,224,546)	(3,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,906,601)	(11,221,546)	(11,224,546)	(3,000)
Change in Fund Balance	(16,542,407)	(17,838,308)	28,788	17,867,096
Fund Balance				
Beginning of year	24,558,097	24,558,097	24,558,097	
End of year	\$ 8,015,690	\$ 6,719,789	\$ 24,586,885	\$ 17,867,096

Capital Improvement, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues								
Rents and royalties Investment income	\$	3,158,631 40,000	\$	3,158,631 40,000	\$	4,339,614 29,221	\$	1,180,983 (10,779)
Total revenues	_	3,198,631	_	3,198,631		4,368,835	A	1,170,204
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	3,198,631		3,198,631		4,368,835		1,170,204
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets Transfers out		(4,412,000)		(4,412,000)		2,786,356 (4,150,000)	_	2,786,356 262,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	·	(4,412,000)		(4,412,000)		(1,363,644)		3,048,356
Change in Fund Balance		(1,213,369)		(1,213,369)		3,005,191		4,218,560
Fund Balance								
Beginning of year		11,676,942		11,676,942	_	11,676,942		
End of year	\$	10,463,573	\$	10,463,573	\$	14,682,133	\$	4,218,560

CITY OF BOULDER CITY

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, no significant events occurred that affected the measurement of the City's obligation for postemployment benefit other than pensions.

As of the most recent year end, no assets have been accumulated in a qualifying trust in which the assets contributed and earnings thereon are irrevocable, dedicated solely to providing postemployment benefits and legally protected from creditors.

Actuarial information for postemployment benefits other than pensions is not available for measurement years prior to the year ended June 30, 2018. As information becomes available information will be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Additional information related to postemployment benefits other than pensions can be found in Note 4 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2. Multiple-Employer, Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan

For the year ended June 30, 2021, there were no changes in the pension benefit plan terms or the actuarial methods and assumptions used in the actuarial valuation report dated June 30, 2020.

Actuarial information for the multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan is not available for measurement years prior to the year ended June 30, 2014. As information becomes available information will be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Additional pension plan information can be found in Note 4 to the basic financial statements.

Note 3. Budget Information

The accompanying required supplementary schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance presents the original adopted budget, the final amended budget, and actual financial information for the general and major special revenue funds. The original budget was adopted on a basis consistent with financial accounting policies and with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. All amendments made to the original budget were as prescribed by law and similarly consistent.

Additional budgetary information can be found in Note 2 to the basic financial statements.

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Other Supplementary Information

Non-major Governmental Funds

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Non-major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Fund	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
Assets			
Cash, cash equivalents and			
investments, unrestricted	\$ 16,285,397	\$ 5,113,027	\$ 21,398,424
Cash, cash equivalents and			
investments, designated	1,161,721	400,000	1,561,721
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, restricted	1 267 496		1 267 496
Accounts receivable, net	1,367,486	400	1,367,486 400
Taxes receivable	18,521	21,884	40,405
Due from other governments	237,991	4,491	242,482
Prepaid items	11,747		11,747
Total assets	19,082,863	5,539,802	24,622,665
Liabilities			
Accounts and contracts payable	242,959	701,270	944,229
Payroll and benefits payable	402,073	1 2000 (402,073
Customer deposits	1,253		1,253
Unearned revenue	129,720		129,720
Total liabilities	776,005	701,270	1,477,275
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable revenue, property taxes	19,395		19,395

Non-major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Fund	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable			
Prepaid items	11,747		11,747
Restricted	2000 * 00 000		*
Police, fire and other public			
safety programs	953,591		953,591
Courts and other judicial			
programs	519,617		519,617
Capital improvement projects	3,262,675		3,262,675
Parks and other cultural and			150 - 51
recreation programs	1,713,880		1,713,880
Other purposes	7,511		7,511
Committed	85,446-3,000,65500.		
Capital improvement projects	4,889,687	4,838,532	9,728,219
Parks and other cultural and			
recreation programs	653,563		653,563
Emergency reserve	2,613,921		2,613,921
Other purposes	3,661,271		3,661,271
Total fund balances	18,287,463	4,838,532	23,125,995
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 19,082,863	\$ 5,539,802	\$ 24,622,665

Non-major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Revenues	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Fund	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
Property taxes	\$ 1,016,4		
Other taxes	38,0		38,000
Charges for services	269,5		269,514
Intergovernmental	1,252,9		2,633,822
Fines and forfeitures	150,4		150,448
Rents and royalties Investment income	906,2		906,224
	45,7		
Miscellaneous	45,8	326	45,826
Total revenues	3,725,1	1,481,731	5,206,858
Expenditures			
Current			
General government	922,4	182	922,482
Public safety	1,224,2	234 20,654	1,244,888
Judicial	234,0	034	234,034
Public works	69,9	1,656,057	1,725,961
Culture and recreation	28,9	997 186,869	215,866
Community support	295,6		295,625
Total current	2,775,2	1,863,580	4,638,856
Capital outlay			
Public safety	44,4	137 222,237	266,674
Public works	104,4	1,149,212	1,253,706
Culture and recreation	92	330,127	330,127
Total capital outlay	148,9	1,701,576	1,850,507
Debt service			
Principal payments		106,401	106,401
Interest		4,412	4,412
Total debt service	-	- 110,813	110,813
Total expenditures	2,924,2	3,675,969	6,600,176
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	800,9	20 (2,194,238)	(1,393,318)
		Telephone (1997)	**************************************

Non-major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Fund	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Oses)			
Proceeds from disposal			
of capital assets	95,057		95,057
Insurance recoveries	25,542		25,542
Transfers in	9,346,546	2,878,000	12,224,546
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,467,145	2,878,000	12,345,145
Change in Fund Balances	10,268,065	683,762	10,951,827
Fund Balances			
Beginning of year	8,019,398	4,154,770	12,174,168
End of year	\$ 18,287,463	\$ 4,838,532	\$ 23,125,995

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Non-major Special Revenue Funds

Residential Construction Fund – Accounts for revenues from residential construction taxes that are restricted for the development of parks.

Municipal Court Fund – Accounts for the collection of administrative assessments that are restricted for court facilities, personnel training and education, acquisition of capital assets, management and operational studies and audits in accordance with Nevada Revised Statutes 176.059 and 176.0611.

More Cops Fund – Accounts for revenues received from sales and use taxes that are to be used to employ and equip additional police officers.

Crimes Prevention Fund – Accounts for revenues received from sales and use taxes that are to be used to employ and equip crimes prevention officers.

Multipurpose Fund – Accounts for resources received from, but not limited to, property confiscated by the police department and special purpose-restricted contributions, which are restricted for specific purposes.

Compensated Absences Fund – Accounts for a portion of lease revenues, which are committed for the payment of contractually obligated accumulated leave balances.

Extraordinary Maintenance, Repair or Improvement of a Capital Asset Fund – Accounts for a portion of lease revenues, which are committed for the payment of unforeseen repairs to facilities and other extraordinary maintenance.

Risk Management Fund – Accounts for a portion of lease revenues, which are committed for the payment of insurance premiums, related insurance deductibles and other claims.

Vehicle/Equipment Replacement Fund – Accounts for a portion of lease revenues, which are committed for the payment of replacement vehicles and equipment.

Land Improvement Fund – Accounts for a portion of the proceeds from land sales, which are used to pay for promotion and advertising of City-owned land.

Revenue Stabilization and Natural Disaster Mitigation Fund – Accounts for a portion of lease revenues, which are committed for the purpose of maintaining City operations in the event of an economic downturn or natural disaster that interrupts the projected revenue streams.

Golf Course Improvement Fund – Accounts for a surcharge on each round of golf and is restricted to repay the City for financing improvements at the Boulder City Municipal and Boulder Creek golf courses.

Redevelopment District # 1 Fund – Accounts for specific property taxes that are restricted to pay for redevelopment activities.

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Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

Assets		Residential Construction Tax Fund		Municipal Court Fund		More Cops Fund		Crime revention Fund
Cash, cash equivalents and								
investments, unrestricted	\$	134,299	\$	434,527	\$	247,557	\$	50,242
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, designated Cash, cash equivalents and investments, restricted				46,778		167,677		55,141
Taxes receivable						187,673		50,318
Due from other governments Prepaid items				1,100		2,625		1,050
Total assets		134,299		482,405		605,532	-	156,751
Liabilities								
Accounts and contracts payable Payroll and benefits payable Customer deposits Unearned revenue	38		0 .	773 8,764		42,352	28	17,906
Total liabilities				9,537		42,352		17,906
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue, property taxes								

Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2021

Fund Balances	Con	sidential struction Tax Fund	 unicipal Court Fund	M	ore Cops Fund	Pre	Crime evention Fund
200							
Nonspendable			7.0×183/07.086033		902-1-4-04020-477		or ordered
Prepaid items			1,100		2,625		1,050
Restricted							
Police, fire and other public safety programs Courts and other judicial					560,555		137,795
programs			471,768				
Capital improvement projects Parks and other cultural and recreation programs		134,299					
Other purposes							
Committed							
Capital improvement projects							
Parks and other cultural and recreation programs							
Emergency reserve							
Other purposes							
P. P	d. -						
Total fund balances	4	134,299	 472,868		563,180		138,845
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	134,299	\$ 482,405	\$	605,532	\$	156,751

Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) June 30, 2021

		Multipurpose Fund		Compensated Absences Fund		Extraordinary Maintenance Fund (1)		Risk Management Fund	
Assets									
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, unrestricted Cash, cash equivalents and investments, designated	\$	847,385	\$	2,023,438	\$	1,966,246 788,967	\$	2,026,892	
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, restricted Taxes receivable		1,367,486				, 00,507			
Due from other governments									
Prepaid items		5,322							
Total assets	-	2,220,193		2,023,438	_	2,755,213	_	2,026,892	
Liabilities									
Accounts and contracts payable Payroll and benefits payable		4,827				13,373		167,543 321,699	
Customer deposits		1,253							
Unearned revenue	_			25,944	-	25,944		25,944	
Total liabilities		6,080		25,944		39,317		515,186	
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unavailable revenue, property taxes							742		

Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) June 30, 2021

	М	ultipurpose Fund		ompensated Absences Fund		traordinary faintenance Fund (1)	_ M	Risk lanagement Fund
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable								
Prepaid items		5,322						
Restricted								
Police, fire and other public								
safety programs		255,241						
Courts and other judicial								
programs		47,849						
Capital improvement projects		184,310						
Parks and other cultural and								
recreation programs		1,713,880						
Other purposes		7,511						
Committed								
Capital improvement projects						2,715,896		
Parks and other cultural and recreation programs Emergency reserve								
Other purposes				1,997,494				1,511,706
Other purposes	10		M	1,777,777	-		Ale	1,511,700
Total fund balances	10 <u></u>	2,214,113	_	1,997,494		2,715,896		1,511,706
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	2,220,193	\$	2,023,438	\$	2,755,213	\$	2,026,892

Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) June 30, 2021

Assets	Vehicle/ Equipment Replacement Fund		Im	Land provement Fund	Revenue Stabilization Fund (1)		Golf Course Improvement Fund	
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, unrestricted Cash, cash equivalents and investments, designated Cash, cash equivalents and investments, restricted Taxes receivable Due from other governments Prepaid items	\$	2,244,172	\$	164,077	\$	2,639,865	\$	653,563
Total assets	_	2,244,172	_	164,077	_	2,639,865		653,563
Liabilities								
Accounts and contracts payable Payroll and benefits payable Customer deposits		44,437		12,006				
Unearned revenue		25,944				25,944		
Total liabilities		70,381	7 <u>2</u>	12,006		25,944		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue, property taxes								72

Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) June 30, 2021

Fund Balances	Vehicle/ Equipment Replacement Fund	Land Improvement Fund	Revenue Stabilization Fund (1)	Golf Course Improvement Fund		
rund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid items						
Restricted						
Police, fire and other public safety programs						
Courts and other judicial programs						
Capital improvement projects						
Parks and other cultural and recreation programs						
Other purposes						
Committed						
Capital improvement projects	2,173,791					
Parks and other cultural and	2,175,771					
recreation programs				653,563		
Emergency reserve			2,613,921	552,555		
Other purposes		152,071	,			
P. P. P.						
Total fund balances	2,173,791	152,071	2,613,921	653,563		
T . 11: 1:11:2 1 C 1: 0 C						
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	e 2244 172	¢ 164.077	¢ 2.620.965	e 652 562		
resources and fund balances	\$ 2,244,172	\$ 164,077	\$ 2,639,865	\$ 653,563		

Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) June 30, 2021

Assets	Redevel Distri Fu		1	Total Non-major Special Revenue Funds
Assets				
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, unrestricted Cash, cash equivalents and	\$ 2,8	353,134	\$	16,285,397
investments, designated Cash, cash equivalents and	1	103,158		1,161,721
investments, restricted				1,367,486
Taxes receivable		18,521		18,521
Due from other governments		10010000		237,991
Prepaid items		1,650		11,747
Total assets	2,9	776,463		19,082,863
Liabilities				
Accounts and contracts payable				242,959
Payroll and benefits payable		11,352		402,073
Customer deposits				1,253
Unearned revenue				129,720
Total liabilities		11,352		776,005
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue, property taxes	<u> </u>	19,395		19,395

Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued)

June 30, 2021

	Redevelopment District # 1 Fund	Total Non-major Special Revenue Funds
Fund Balances		
Nonspendable		
Prepaid items	1,650	11,747
Restricted		
Police, fire and other public safety programs		953,591
Courts and other judicial		
programs		519,617
Capital improvement projects Parks and other cultural and	2,944,066	3,262,675
recreation programs		1,713,880
Other purposes		7,511
Committed		
Capital improvement projects Parks and other cultural and		4,889,687
recreation programs		653,563
Emergency reserve		2,613,921
Other purposes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,661,271
Total fund balances	2,945,716	18,287,463
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	u 104000 100	
resources and fund balances	\$ 2,976,463	\$ 19,082,863

⁽¹⁾ See the table of contents and applicable budget and actual schedule for the complete fund name.

Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues		Residential Construction Tax Fund		Municipal Court Fund		More Cops Fund		Crime Prevention Fund	
Property taxes Other taxes Charges for services Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures Rents and royalties Investment income	\$	38,000	\$	150,448 1,348	\$	962,784	\$	260,117 350	
Miscellaneous Total revenues	-	38,311		151,796		963,744		260,467	
Expenditures									
Current General government Public safety Judicial Public works Culture and recreation Community support				196,943		834,797		295,708	
Total current	-			196,943		834,797		295,708	
Capital outlay Public safety Public works Total capital outlay						.,.,,,,,		250,700	
Total expenditures				196,943		834,797		295,708	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	38,311		(45,147)		128,947		(35,241)	

Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Other Financing Sources (Uses)	37.55	esidential estruction Tax Fund	M	Iunicipal Court Fund	M	ore Cops Fund		Crime evention Fund
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets Insurance recoveries Transfers in	-							
Total other financing sources (uses)	0		2,					
Change in Fund Balances		38,311		(45,147)		128,947		(35,241)
Fund Balances								
Beginning of year		95,988		518,015		434,233	·	174,086
End of year	\$	134,299	\$	472,868	\$	563,180	\$	138,845

Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	Multipurpose Fund		Compensated Absences Fund		Extraordinary Maintenance Fund (1)		Risk Management Fund	
Property taxes Other taxes Charges for services Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures Rents and royalties Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	30,000 6,036	\$	181,245 5,402	\$	181,245 5,092	\$	181,245 4,413
	-	45,165		196 647		196 227		105 (50
Total revenues	-	81,201		186,647		186,337	-	185,658
Expenditures								
Current								
General government				197,466				702,575
Public safety		24,368		69,361				
Judicial		37,091						
Public works						69,368		
Culture and recreation		28,997						
Community support Total current		90,456		266,827		69,368	_	702,575
Capital outlay Public safety Public works Total capital outlay							_	
Total expenditures		90,456		266,827		69,368		702,575
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(9,255)		(80,180)		116,969		(516,917)

Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

For	the	Year	Ended	June	30,	2021

	Multipurpose Fund	Compensated Absences Fund	Extraordinary Maintenance Fund (1)	Risk Management Fund
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets				
Insurance recoveries				25,542
Transfers in		1,819,551	2,302,172	1,711,617
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,819,551	2,302,172	1,737,159
Change in Fund Balances	(9,255)	1,739,371	2,419,141	1,220,242
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year	2,223,368	258,123	296,755	291,464
End of year	\$ 2,214,113	\$ 1,997,494	\$ 2,715,896	\$ 1,511,706

Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	E	Vehicle/ Equipment Land Revenue Replacement Improvement Stabilization Fund Fund Fund Fund (1)		abilization	Golf Course Improvement Fund			
Property taxes Other taxes Charges for services Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures							\$	269,514
Rents and royalties Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	181,245 5,669 661	\$	337	\$	181,244 6,824	/ 100	1,340
Total revenues		187,575		337		188,068		270,854
Expenditures								
Current General government Public safety Judicial				22,441				
Public works Culture and recreation Community support		536						
Total current		536		22,441	_			
Capital outlay Public safety Public works Total capital outlay	_	44,437 104,494 148,931	<u> </u>					
Total expenditures		149,467		22,441				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		38,108		(22,104)		188,068		270,854

Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Vehicle/ Equipment Replacement Fund	Land Improvement Fund	Revenue Stabilization Fund (1)	Golf Course Improvement Fund
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets Insurance recoveries	38,193	56,864	2 000 000	
Transfers in	1,513,206		2,000,000	·
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,551,399	56,864	2,000,000	
Change in Fund Balances	1,589,507	34,760	2,188,068	270,854
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year	584,284	117,311	425,853	382,709
End of year	\$ 2,173,791	\$ 152,071	\$ 2,613,921	\$ 653,563

Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues		development District # 1 Fund	1	Total Non-major Special Revenue Funds
Property taxes Other taxes Charges for services Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures Rents and royalties Investment income	\$	1,016,499 7,633	\$	1,016,499 38,000 269,514 1,252,901 150,448 906,224 45,715
Miscellaneous			- 1	45,826
Total revenues		1,024,132		3,725,127
Expenditures				
Current				
General government				922,482
Public safety				1,224,234
Judicial				234,034
Public works				69,904
Culture and recreation				28,997
Community support		295,625		295,625
Total current	_	295,625	_	2,775,276
Capital outlay				
Public safety				44,437
Public works				104,494
Total capital outlay				148,931
Total expenditures		295,625		2,924,207
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures		728,507		800,920

Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Redevelopment District # 1 Fund	Total Non-major Special Revenue Funds
Proceeds from disposal		
of capital assets		95,057
Insurance recoveries		25,542
Transfers in	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,346,546
Total other financing sources (uses)		9,467,145
Change in Fund Balances	728,507	10,268,065
Fund Balances		
Beginning of year	2,217,209	8,019,398
End of year	\$ 2,945,716	\$ 18,287,463

⁽¹⁾ See the table of contents and applicable budget and actual schedule for the complete fund name.

Residential Construction Tax, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance
Revenues							
Other taxes Investment income	\$ 40,000	\$	40,000	\$	38,000 311	\$	(2,000) 311
Total revenues	 40,000		40,000		38,311		(1,689)
Expenditures							
General government Other							
Capital outlay	50,000		50,000				50,000
Total expenditures	 50,000		50,000	(50,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance	(10,000)		(10,000)		38,311		48,311
Fund Balance							
Beginning of year	 95,988		95,988		95,988		
End of year	\$ 85,988	\$	85,988	\$	134,299	\$	48,311

Municipal Court, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		,	/ariance
Revenues					-			
Fines and forfeitures Investment income	\$	142,000	\$	142,000	\$	150,448 1,348	\$	8,448 1,348
Total revenues	13.	142,000		142,000		151,796		9,796
Expenditures								
Judicial Municipal court								
Salaries and wages		122,620		122,620		113,425		9,195
Employee benefits		13,600		13,600		13,530		70
Services and supplies		97,668		103,986		69,988		33,998
Capital outlay		35,000		28,712	_			28,712
Total expenditures		268,888	-	268,918		196,943		71,975
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance		(126,888)		(126,918)		(45,147)		81,771
Fund Balance								
Beginning of year		518,015		518,015		518,015		
End of year	\$	391,127	\$	391,097	\$	472,868	\$	81,771

More Cops, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

			Final Budget	Actual			Variance	
Revenues	8		8	=======================================			00	***
Intergovernmental Investment income	\$	570,000	\$	590,000	\$	962,784 960	\$	372,784 960
Total revenues	_	570,000		590,000		963,744	ö <u></u>	373,744
Expenditures								
Public safety Police								
		162 740		492 740		194 202		(5.12)
Salaries and wages Employee benefits		463,749 353,614		483,749 353,614		484,292 317,178		(543) 36,436
Services and supplies		21,022		21,022		33,327		(12,305)
Total expenditures		838,385		858,385		834,797		23,588
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance		(268,385)		(268,385)		128,947		397,332
Fund Balance								
Beginning of year		434,233		434,233		434,233		
End of year	\$	165,848	\$	165,848	\$	563,180	\$	397,332

Crime Prevention, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance	
Revenues	8							
Intergovernmental Investment income	\$	168,000	\$	188,000	\$	260,117 350	\$	72,117 350
Total revenues		168,000		188,000		260,467		72,467
Expenditures								
Public safety Police								
Salaries and wages		154,095		174,095		172,514		1,581
Employee benefits		114,813		114,813		115,442		(629)
Services and supplies	_	6,800		6,800		7,752		(952)
Total expenditures		275,708		295,708		295,708		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance		(107,708)		(107,708)		(35,241)		72,467
Fund Balance								
Beginning of year	× =	174,086		174,086		174,086	v 	
End of year	\$	66,378	\$	66,378	\$	138,845	\$	72,467

Multipurpose, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	Original Budget		Final Budget Actual		Variance		
Revenues							
Intergovernmental		\$	30,000	\$	30,000		
Investment income					6,036	\$	6,036
Miscellaneous	\$ 40,600		10,600	_	45,165		34,565
Total revenues	 40,600		40,600	_	81,201		40,601
Expenditures							
General government							
Finance							
Services and supplies	 2,000		2,000				2,000
Public safety							
Police							
Services and supplies	29,220		29,220		6,229		22,991
Fire							
Services and supplies	1,497	-	16,997		14,498		2,499
Animal control							
Services and supplies	 20,000		20,000		3,641		16,359
Total public safety	 50,717		66,217		24,368		41,849
Judicial							
Municipal court							
Services and supplies	30,000		60,000		37,091		22,909
Culture and recreation							
Other							
Services and supplies	18,672		143,259		28,997		114,262
Total expenditures	101,389		271,476		90,456		181,020

Multipurpose, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Continued)

	 Original Budget	·	Final Budget	 Actual	 Variance
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance	(60,789)		(230,876)	(9,255)	221,621
Fund Balance					
Beginning of year	 2,223,368		2,223,368	 2,223,368	
End of year	\$ 2,162,579	\$	1,992,492	\$ 2,214,113	\$ 221,621

Compensated Absences, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	<u>v</u>	ariance
Revenues							
Rents and royalties Investment income	\$ 154	1,696	\$ 154,695	\$	181,245 5,402	\$	26,550 5,402
Total revenues	154	1,696	154,695		186,647		31,952
Expenditures							
General government Finance							
Salaries and wages	350	0,000	350,000		6,007		343,993
		983					100
Central services	***		440 550		101.450		
Salaries and wages	442	2,753	442,753	-	191,459		251,294
Total general government	792	2,753	792,753		197,466		595,287
Public safety							
Police	250		250,000		(0.2(1		200 (20
Salaries and wages	350	0,000	350,000		69,361		280,639
Fire							
Salaries and wages	350	0,000_	350,000				350,000
Total public safety	700	0,000	700,000		69,361		630,639
Public works							
Administration	250	000	250,000				250,000
Salaries and wages	350	,000_	350,000				350,000
Total expenditures	1,842	2,753	1,842,753		266,827		1,575,926
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,688	,057)	(1,688,058)		(80,180)		1,607,878

Compensated Absences, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Continued)

Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Transfers in	1,688,057	1,819,552	 1,819,551	 (1)
Change in Fund Balance		131,494	1,739,371	1,607,877
Fund Balance				
Beginning of year	258,123	 258,123	258,123	
End of year	\$ 258,123	\$ 389,617	\$ 1,997,494	\$ 1,607,877

Extraordinary Maintenance, Repair or Improvement of a Capital Asset, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues							
Rents and royalties Investment income	\$	154,696	\$	154,695	\$	181,245 5,092	\$ 26,550 5,092
Total revenues		154,696		154,695		186,337	 31,642
Expenditures							
Public works Building maintenance							
Services and supplies		1,536,407		1,536,407		69,368	1,467,039
Total expenditures		1,536,407		1,536,407		69,368	 1,467,039
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,381,711)		(1,381,712)		116,969	 1,498,681
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		1,381,711	_	2,302,173		2,302,172	(1)
Change in Fund Balance				920,461		2,419,141	1,498,680
Fund Balance							
Beginning of year		296,755		296,755		296,755	
End of year	\$	296,755	\$	1,217,216	\$	2,715,896	\$ 1,498,680

Risk Management, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Revenues		Original Budget	1	Final Budget		Actual		Variance
revenues								
Rents and royalties Investment income	\$	154,696	\$	154,696	\$	181,245 4,413	\$	26,549 4,413
Total revenues	e	154,696		154,696		185,658		30,962
Expenditures								
General government Legislative								
Services and supplies					(<u>-</u>	297,764		(297,764)
Communications								
Services and supplies	8	1,734,818	_	1,734,818		404,811		1,330,007
Total expenditures		1,734,818	_	1,734,818		702,575		1,032,243
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,580,122)		(1,580,122)	_	(516,917)		1,063,205
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Insurance recoveries Transfers in	0	1,580,122		1,711,617		25,542 1,711,617	ii .	25,542
Total other financing sources (uses)	:	1,580,122		1,711,617		1,737,159		25,542
Change in Fund Balance				131,495		1,220,242		1,088,747
Fund Balance								
Beginning of year		291,464		291,464		291,464		
End of year		291,464		422,959	\$	1,511,706	\$	1,088,747

Vehicle/Equipment Replacement, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		 /ariance
Rents and royalties Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	154,696	\$	154,696	\$	181,245 5,669 661	\$ 26,549 5,669 661
Total revenues		154,696		154,696	65	187,575	32,879
Expenditures							
Public safety Police Capital outlay	-			220,000			220,000
Fire Capital outlay		265,000		325,000		44,437	280,563
Total public safety		265,000		545,000		44,437	 500,563
Public works Administration Capital outlay		547,672		7,672			 7,672
Landscaping Services and supplies Capital outlay Total landscaping			_	536 139,464 140,000		536	 139,464 139,464
Building maintenance Capital outlay				120,000		104,494	15,506
Total public works		547,672		267,672		105,030	162,642
Total expenditures		812,672		812,672		149,467	663,205
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(657,976)		(657,976)		38,108	 696,084

Vehicle/Equipment Replacement, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Continued)

Other Financing Sources (Uses)		Original Budget		Final Budget	-	Actual	 Variance
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets		1 201 711		1 512 207		38,193	38,193
Transfers in	_	1,381,711	-	1,513,206		1,513,206	
Total other financing sources (uses)	3	1,381,711		1,513,206		1,551,399	 38,193
Change in Fund Balance		723,735		855,230		1,589,507	734,277
Fund Balance							
Beginning of year	_	584,284		584,284		584,284	
End of year	\$	1,308,019	\$	1,439,514	\$	2,173,791	\$ 734,277

Land Improvement, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	20	Original Budget	0.000	Final Budget		Actual	Variance
Revenues	-						
Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	25,000	_\$_	25,000	\$	337	\$ 337 (25,000)
Total revenues		25,000	_	25,000		337	 (24,663)
Expenditures							
General government Central services Services and supplies		25,000		25,000		22,441	 2,559
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures					8	(22,104)	(22,104)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets						56,864	 56,864
Change in Fund Balance						34,760	34,760
Fund Balance							
Beginning of year		117,311	S	117,311		117,311	
End of year	\$	117,311	\$	117,311	\$	152,071	\$ 34,760

Revenue Stabilization and Natural Disaster Mitigation, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance
Revenues								
Rents and royalties Investment income	\$	154,696	\$	154,696	\$	181,244 6,824	\$	26,548 6,824
Total revenues	2.	154,696		154,696	81.	188,068		33,372
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	lij.	154,696		154,696		188,068		33,372
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	99	2,000,000		2,000,000		2,000,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,000,000		2,000,000		2,000,000		
Change in Fund Balance		2,154,696		2,154,696		2,188,068		33,372
Fund Balance								
Beginning of year	_	425,853		425,853		425,853		
End of year	\$	2,580,549	\$	2,580,549	\$	2,613,921	\$	33,372

Golf Course Improvement, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	(i)	Original Budget	×	Final Budget	903	Actual		Variance
Revenues								
Charges for services Investment income	\$	147,000	\$	147,000	\$	269,514 1,340	\$	122,514 1,340
Total revenues		147,000		147,000		270,854		123,854
Expenditures								
Culture and recreation Boulder City municipal golf course Capital outlay	0	70,000		70,000				70,000
Boulder Creek golf course Capital outlay		55,000						
Other Capital outlay				55,000	2		3 .	55,000
Total expenditures	e	125,000		125,000				125,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance		22,000		22,000		270,854		248,854
Fund Balance								
Beginning of year	ig	382,709	-	382,709		382,709	1	
End of year	\$	404,709	\$	404,709	\$	653,563	\$	248,854

Redevelopment District # 1, Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	1	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues								
Property taxes Investment income	\$	525,866	\$	525,866	\$	1,016,499 7,633	\$	490,633 7,633
Total revenues		525,866		525,866		1,024,132		498,266
Expenditures								
Public works Streets								
Capital outlay		300,000		300,000				300,000
Community support Administration								
Salaries and wages		151,082		151,082		125,458		25,624
Employee benefits		79,810		79,810		59,750		20,060
Services and supplies		284,900		284,900		110,417	_	174,483
Total community support		515,792		515,792		295,625		220,167
Total expenditures		815,792		815,792		295,625	_	520,167
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance		(289,926)		(289,926)		728,507		1,018,433
Fund Balance								
Beginning of year		2,217,209	Te	2,217,209	4	2,217,209		
End of year	\$	1,927,283	\$	1,927,283	\$	2,945,716		1,018,433

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Non-major Capital Projects Fund

Acquisitions and Improvements Fund (previously Special Projects Fund) – Accounts for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to the improvement, acquisition or construction of capital assets.

Acquisitions and Improvements, Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original	Final	A -4 -1	V
Revenues	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 46,952	\$ 46,952	\$ 84,173	\$ 37,221
Intergovernmental	16,688,412	21,655,078	1,380,921	(20,274,157)
Investment income			16,637	16,637
Total revenues	16,735,364	21,702,030	1,481,731	(20,220,299)
Expenditures				
General government				
Central services				
Capital outlay		25,000		25,000
Public safety				
Police				
Capital outlay	512,750	253,995	52,049	201,946
Fire				
Services and supplies		20,654	20,654	
Capital outlay	85,795	245,765	170,188	75,577
Total fire	85,795	266,419	190,842	75,577
Total public safety	598,545	520,414	242,891	277,523
Public works				
Streets				
Services and supplies		1,578,504	1,578,504	
Capital outlay	7,830,480	12,045,739	1,149,212	10,896,527
Total streets	7,830,480	13,624,243	2,727,716	10,896,527
Administration				
Services and supplies		12,222	12,222	
Capital outlay	3,166,642	3,553,543		3,553,543
Total administration	3,166,642	3,565,765	12,222	3,553,543
Landscaping			00 475000 700 44500	
Services and supplies	- Opening the contract	7,043	7,043	
Capital outlay	7,052	9		9
Total landscaping	7,052	7,052	7,043	9

Acquisitions and Improvements, Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original	Final	A-41	17
Building maintenance	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
Services and supplies		58,288	58,288	
Capital outlay	222,486	567,016	30,200	567,016
Total building maintenance	222,486	625,304	58,288	567,016
Total public works	11,226,660	17,822,364	2,805,269	15,017,095
Culture and recreation				
Boulder City municipal				
golf course				
Services and supplies		48,062	48,062	
Capital outlay	1,565,025	569,648		569,648
Total Boulder City municipal golf course	1,565,025	617,710	48,062	569,648
gon course	1,303,023	017,710	40,002	309,040
Boulder Creek golf course				
Capital outlay	227,653	116,840		116,840
Swimming pool				
Services and supplies		56,490	56,490	
Capital outlay	271,000	324,510	With 10 Pt. 17 - William	324,510
Total swimming pool	271,000	381,000	56,490	324,510
Other				
Services and supplies		82,317	82,317	
Capital outlay	746,422	943,996	330,127	613,869
Total other	746,422	1,026,313	412,444	613,869
Total culture and recreation	2,810,100	2,141,863	516,996	1,624,867
Debt service				
Principal payments		106,401	106,401	
Interest		4,412	4,412	
Total debt service		110,813	110,813	
Total expenditures	14,635,305	20,620,454	3,675,969	16,944,485
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,100,059	1,081,576	(2,194,238)	(3,275,814)

Acquisitions and Improvements, Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Continued)

Other Financing Sources (Uses)		Original Budget	·	Final Budget		Actual	 Variance
Transfers in) <u></u>	3,140,000		3,140,000	i <u>-</u>	2,878,000	 (262,000)
Change in Fund Balance		5,240,059		4,221,576		683,762	(3,537,814)
Fund Balance							
Beginning of year	1)	4,154,770		4,154,770		4,154,770	
End of year	\$	9,394,829	\$	8,376,346	\$	4,838,532	\$ (3,537,814)

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Proprietary Funds

Major Enterprise Funds

Utility Fund – Accounts for resources to provide electric, water, sewer, wastewater, refuse and landfill services including, but not limited to, administration, operating, construction, maintenance, financing and related debt activities.

Aviation Fund – Accounts for aviation services including, but not limited to, administration, operating, construction, maintenance, financing and related debt activities.

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Utility, Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Operating Revenues		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Operating Revenues								
Charges for services								
Electric	\$	16,580,000	\$	16,580,000	\$	17,069,862	\$	489,862
Water		9,955,620		9,955,620		14,119,096		4,163,476
Wastewater		1,856,000		1,856,000		2,616,604		760,604
Refuse and landfill		1,593,651		1,593,651		1,597,512		3,861
Miscellaneous		65,000		65,000	_	51,604		(13,396)
Total operating revenues		30,050,271		30,050,271	_	35,454,678		5,404,407
Operating Expenses								
Salaries and wages		3,843,078		3,843,078		3,681,373		161,705
Employee benefits		1,375,698		1,335,698		599,988		735,710
Services and supplies		16,762,584		20,147,936		18,019,549		2,128,387
Depreciation	_	2,816,500	_	2,816,500	_	2,922,859	_	(106,359)
Total operating expenses		24,797,860	_	28,143,212		25,223,769		2,919,443
Operating Income (Loss)		5,252,411	_	1,907,059		10,230,909		8,323,850
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)								
Investment income		25,446		25,446		141,509		116,063
Insurance recoveries		25,000		25,000		1.2016.20 1 000000		(25,000)
Local sales and use taxes		600,000		600,000		942,423		342,423
Gain (loss) on disposal								
of capital assets				(1,000,000)		(461,049)		538,951
Interest expense		(2,229,997)		(2,229,997)		(483,997)		1,746,000
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(1,579,551)	_	(2,579,551)	_	138,886		2,718,437
Income (Loss) Before Capital								
Contributions and Transfers	_	3,672,860		(672,492)		10,369,795		11,042,287

Utility, Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual (Continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Capital Contributions				
Capital contributions			433,904	433,904
Transfers				
Transfers in	3,150,000	3,150,000	3,150,000	
Change in Net Position	6,822,860	2,477,508	13,953,699	11,476,191
Net Position				
Beginning of year As previously reported Adjustment	84,132,741	84,132,741	84,132,741 (6,161,423)	(6,161,423)
As adjusted	84,132,741	84,132,741	77,971,318	(6,161,423)
End of year	\$ 90,955,601	\$ 86,610,249	\$ 91,925,017	\$ 5,314,768

Aviation, Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Operating Revenues								
Charges for services								
Aviation	\$	14,150	\$	14,150	\$	82,597	\$	68,447
Intergovernmental		761,950		1,122,119		834,372	2500	(287,747)
Rents and royalties		157,000		157,000		675,870		518,870
Miscellaneous		5,500		5,500		7,725		2,225
Total operating revenues	_	938,600		1,298,769	_	1,600,564		301,795
Operating Expenses								
Salaries and wages		343,945		343,945		315,866		28,079
Employee benefits		165,445		165,445		135,976		29,469
Services and supplies		327,585		472,585		428,519		44,066
Depreciation		1,000,000	_	1,000,000	_	962,096		37,904
Total operating expenses		1,836,975	_	1,981,975		1,842,457		139,518
Operating Income (Loss)		(898,375)	_	(683,206)		(241,893)		441,313
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)								
Investment income						5,647		5,647
Fuel taxes		2,800		2,800		15,368		12,568
Gain (loss) on disposal								
of capital assets				71		(130,566)		(130,566)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		2,800		2,800		(109,551)		(112,351)
Income (Loss) Before Capital								
Contributions and Transfers		(895,575)		(680,406)		(351,444)		328,962

Aviation, Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual (Continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	
Capital Contributions		***************************************			
Capital contributions			1,542,807	1,542,807	
Change in Net Position	(895,575)	(680,406)	1,191,363	1,871,769	
Net Position					
Beginning of year As previously reported Adjustment	21,900,561	21,900,561	21,900,561 (1,534,660)	(1,534,660)	
As adjusted	21,900,561	21,900,561	20,365,901	(1,534,660)	
End of year	\$ 21,004,986	\$ 21,220,155	\$ 21,557,264	\$ 337,109	

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Non-major Enterprise Fund

Cemetery Fund – Accounts for cemetery services including, but not limited to, administration, operating, construction, maintenance, financing and related debt activities.

Cemetery, Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Variance	
Operating Revenues							
Charges for services							
Cemetery Miscellaneous	\$	143,000 14,000	\$ 143,000 14,000	\$	196,473 121	\$	53,473 (13,879)
Total operating revenues		157,000	 157,000	_	196,594		39,594
Operating Expenses							
Salaries and wages		46,000	46,000		46,000		
Services and supplies Depreciation		104,405 15,561	106,855 15,561		46,324 16,294		60,531 (733)
Depreciation					10,271		
Total operating expenses	_	165,966	 168,416		108,618		59,798
Operating Income (Loss)		(8,966)	 (11,416)	_	87,976	-	99,392
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Investment income	_				2,483	-	2,483
Change in Net Position	_	(8,966)	 (11,416)		90,459		101,875
Net Position							
Beginning of year		1,022,849	1,022,849	_	1,022,849		
End of year	\$	1,013,883	\$ 1,011,433	_\$_	1,113,308	\$	101,875

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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Boulder City, Nevada

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Boulder City, Nevada, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements including whether the funds established by the City, as listed in Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) 354.624 (5)(a)(1 through 5), complied with the express purposes required by NRS 354.6241. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HintonBurdick, PLLC

Vinter Buddes, PLIC

Mesquite, Nevada September 29, 2021

Statistical Section (Unaudited)

Financial Trends

The following tables contain financial trend information to enable the reader to understand how financial performance has changed over time.

Net Position by Component

Changes in Net Position

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity

The following tables contain revenue capacity information to enable the reader to assess the most significant local revenue source.

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments

Principal Taxpayers

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Utility Revenues by Source

Largest Utility Customers

Debt Capacity

The following tables contain debt capacity information to enable the reader to assess the affordability the current level of outstanding debt and the ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt

Ratios of General Bonded Debt

Direct and overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

Legal Debt Margin

Pledged Revenue Coverage

Demographic and Economic Information

The following tables contain demographic and economic information to enable the reader to understand the environment within which financial activities take place.

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Principal Employers

Operating Information

The following tables contain operating information to enable the reader to understand how the information contained in the comprehensive annual financial report relates to services provided and activities performed.

Full-time Equivalent City Employees by Function and Program

Operating Indicators by Function and Program

Capital Asset Statistics by Function and Program

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Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Governmental Activities			8.		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 76,648,958	\$ 77,991,990	\$ 76,375,585	\$ 81,307,082	\$ 82,718,994
Restricted	45,444	5,715,272	4,867,878	7,157,633	5,385,884
Unrestricted	(85,145)	(4,220,153)	491,637	(9,864,216)	(7,562,900)
Total governmental activities	76,609,257	79,487,109	81,735,100	78,600,499	80,541,978
Business-type Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	29,645,826	36,796,036	35,543,133	40,774,759	41,927,972
Restricted		2,047,339	2,047,339	2,461,987	2,721,266
Unrestricted	27,932,105	19,021,970	21,775,327	17,404,912	19,744,069
Total business-type activities	57,577,931	57,865,345	59,365,799	60,641,658	64,393,307
Primary Government					
Net investment in capital assets	106,294,784	114,788,026	111,918,718	122,081,841	124,646,966
Restricted	45,444	7,762,611	6,915,217	9,619,620	8,107,150
Unrestricted	27,846,960	14,801,817	22,266,964	7,540,696	12,181,169
Total primary government	\$ 134,187,188	\$ 137,352,454	\$ 141,100,899	\$ 139,242,157	\$ 144,935,285

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued) (Unaudited)

	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 82,827,547	\$ 81,467,848	\$ 88,761,508	\$ 102,546,757	\$ 97,645,191
Restricted	5,089,884	1,735,921	1,701,780	1,581,593	21,139,407
Unrestricted	(3,836,049)	5,199,294	14,072,828	18,677,887	12,157,661
Total governmental activities	84,081,382	88,403,063	104,536,116	122,806,237	130,942,259
Business-type Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	44,639,671	50,307,229	58,887,111	62,462,541	59,764,163
Restricted	3,115,591	1,270,877	2,657,840	2,691,500	1,850,996
Unrestricted	21,687,025	31,328,159	33,681,642	41,902,110	52,980,430
Total business-type activities	69,442,287	82,906,265	95,226,593	107,056,151	114,595,589
Primary Government					
Net investment in capital assets	127,467,218	131,775,077	147,648,619	165,009,298	157,409,354
Restricted	8,205,475	3,006,798	4,359,620	4,273,093	22,990,403
Unrestricted	17,850,976	36,527,453	47,754,470	60,579,997	65,138,091
Total primary government	\$ 153,523,669	\$ 171,309,328	\$ 199,762,709	\$ 229,862,388	\$ 245,537,848

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Expenses	8	-			
Governmental Activities					
General government	\$ 4,699,541	\$ 5,172,734	\$ 5,176,123	\$ 4,590,920	\$ 4,638,975
Public safety	10,173,016	10,449,248	12,045,981	11,028,128	10,888,370
Judicial	607,243	669,647	770,477	948,908	1,003,088
Public works	5,476,502	5,365,200	5,728,665	6,032,085	6,224,723
Culture and recreation	6,387,082	6,080,026	6,837,030	6,959,448	7,246,987
Community support	571,468	623,881	811,370	833,430	848,110
Debt service, interest	342,120	290,551	317,801	443,115	300,376
Total governmental activities	28,256,972	28,651,287	31,687,447	30,836,034	31,150,629
Business-type Activities					
Utility	19,207,705	21,553,069	22,991,536	23,198,285	23,610,144
Aviation	937,903	973,675	920,766	988,439	1,157,073
Cemetery	54,610	42,343	55,235	45,999	52,488
Total business-type activities	20,200,218	22,569,087	23,967,537	24,232,723	24,819,705
Total primary government expenses	\$ 48,457,190	\$ 51,220,374	\$ 55,654,984	\$ 55,068,757	\$ 55,970,334
Program Revenues					
Governmental Activities					
Charges for services (1)	\$ 13,550,942	\$ 14,182,267	\$ 19,406,043	\$ 27,496,429	\$ 18,359,975
Operating grants and contributions	134,323	in the second second	3,076,023	7,371,784	2,742,878
Capital grants and contributions	4,917,590	2,931,703		84,251	270,538
Total governmental activities	18,602,855	17,113,970	22,482,066	34,952,464	21,373,391

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)
(Unaudited)

		June 30, 2012		June 30, 2013		June 30, 2014		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2016
Business-type Activities		22 505 225		22 204 674		22 422 010		22 720 422		22 522 622
Charges for services		23,595,235		22,284,674		22,422,919		23,739,423		23,523,603
Operating grants and contributions		2.540.124		6,350		710.077		1 021 504		1 202 014
Capital grants and contributions	_	3,568,126	_	181,682	_	718,077	_	4,931,594	_	1,393,814
Total business-type activities	-	27,163,361	_	22,472,706	_	23,140,996		28,671,017	_	24,917,417
Total primary government program revenues	_\$_	45,766,216	S	39,586,676	\$	45,623,062	\$	63,623,481	\$	46,290,808
Net (Expenses) program revenues										
Governmental Activities	s	(9,654,117)	\$	(11,537,317)	\$	(9,205,381)	\$	4,116,430	\$	(9,777,238)
Business-type Activities	_	6,963,143	_	(96,381)	_	(826,541)	_	4,438,294	_	97,712
Total primary government	\$	(2,690,974)	\$	(11,633,698)	\$	(10,031,922)	\$	8,554,724	\$	(9,679,526)
General Revenues and Transfers										
Governmental Activities										
Property taxes	\$	2,642,413	\$	3,737,730	\$	2,699,730	\$	2,868,652	S	2,990,090
Other taxes		867,954		831,554		930,254		888,272		915,820
Intergovernmental shared										
revenues, unrestricted		8,386,757		8,808,292		9,303,748		9,612,900		9,972,510
Investment income		23,001		14,488		66,395		49,716		173,586
Gain on disposal of capital assets				37,800				656,973		
Miscellaneous		76,052		78,497		359,231		231,795		404,781
Transfers		2,055,000		255,000		(1,635,000)		(535,836)		(2,738,070)
Total governmental activities	-	14,051,177		13,763,361		11,724,358		13,772,472	92	11,718,717

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)
(Unaudited)

		June 30, 2012		June 30, 2013		June 30, 2014		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2016
Business-type Activities										
Other taxes		587,052		620,537		686,131		721,960		742,012
Investment income		26,192		17,608		2,474		37,895		166,465
Miscellaneous				650		(7,294)		3,369		7,390
Transfers		(2,055,000)		(255,000)		1,635,000		535,836		2,738,070
Total business-type activities		(1,441,756)		383,795		2,316,311		1,299,060	=	3,653,937
Total primary government general revenues and transfers	s	12,609,421	S	14,147,156	\$	14,040,669	\$	15,071,532	\$	15,372,654
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$	4,397,060	\$	2,226,044	S	2,518,977	\$	17,888,902	\$	1,941,479
Business-type Activities		5,521,387	_	287,414	_	1,489,770	_	5,737,354	_	3,751,649
Total primary government	\$	9,918,447	\$	2,513,458	S	4,008,747	S	23,626,256	\$	5,693,128

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)
(Unaudited)

	100000	ie 30, 017		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2021
Expenses										
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$ 4,	824,903	\$	4,602,434	\$	5,131,557	\$	4,715,491	\$	5,060,003
Public safety	11,	662,107		12,262,519		12,516,081		15,728,583		16,201,652
Judicial		960,336		871,200		692,197		1,212,478		1,200,531
Public works	6,	741,519		7,618,299		8,404,842		8,911,482		9,952,838
Culture and recreation	6,	907,586		7,461,814		6,589,411		7,144,713		7,374,013
Community support		735,096		759,822		954,304		1,177,931		2,297,214
Debt service, interest								8,648	100	4,412
Total governmental activities	31,	831,547		33,576,088	_	34,288,392	_	38,899,326	_	42,090,663
Business-type Activities										
Utility	23,	765,304		21,495,062		22,811,030		25,241,410		26,168,815
Aviation	1,	151,359		1,343,821		1,576,218		1,796,804		1,973,023
Cemetery	2.50%	45,695		58,483		37,044	-	87,576		108,618
Total business-type activities	24,	962,358	_	22,897,366	_	24,424,292	_	27,125,790	_	28,250,456
Total primary government expenses	\$ 56,	793,905	\$	56,473,454	\$	58,712,684	\$	66,025,116	\$	70,341,119
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities										
Charges for services (1)	\$ 17,	627,058	\$	19,376,227	\$	22,361,861	\$	23,678,615	\$	30,646,291
Operating grants and contributions	1,	772,302		3,589,834		868,901		767,468		3,789,848
Capital grants and contributions	3.7	1,337		629,310		9,655,692		16,989,012		1,967,260
Total governmental activities	19,	400,697		23,595,371		32,886,454		41,435,095		36,403,399

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)
(Unaudited)

_ v	, <u>.</u>	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2021
Business-type Activities Charges for services Operating grants and contributions		27,591,886		30,757,941		33,160,678		33,712,887		36,358,014 849,740
Capital grants and contributions		1.860,073		4.819.192		2,543,805		366,453		2,919,134
Total business-type activities		29,451,959	\equiv	35,577,133	=	35,704,483		34,079,340		40,126,888
Total primary government program revenues	\$	48,852,656	\$	59,172,504	\$	68,590,937		75,514,435	\$	76,530,287
Net (Expenses) program revenues										
Governmental Activities	\$	(12,430,850)	\$	(9,980,717)	\$	(1,401,938)	\$	2,535,769	\$	(5,687,264)
Business-type Activities		4,489,601	_	12,679,767	_	11,280,191	_	6,953,550	_	11,876,432
Total primary government	<u>s</u>	(7,941,249)	\$	2,699,050	\$	9,878,253	\$	9,489,319	\$	6,189,168
General Revenues and Transfers										
Property taxes	\$	3,441,306	\$	2,498,154	s	3,356,957	\$	3,615,208	\$	3,008,827
Other taxes		527,055		974,014		1,078,283		943,845		769,696
Intergovernmental shared										
revenues, unrestricted		10,517,764		11,104,261		11,730,051		11,172,736		11,930,028
Investment income		381,533		5,244		437,266		713,339		151,944
Gain on disposal of capital assets		11,745		3,072,107		87,814		2,923,125		2,478,953
Miscellaneous		443,664		163,470		260,720		135,507		81,884
Transfers	-	458,904	_	(416,096)		583,900	_	(3,490,000)	_	(3,150,000)
Total governmental activities	-	15,781,971		17,401,154		17,534,991		16,013,760		15,271,332

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)
(Unaudited)

		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2020	· ·	June 30, 2021
Business-type Activities	-			- 10		0-01922	2017	RANG COTES		
Other taxes		780,717		1,045,350		1,155,699		941,208		
Investment income		4,666		(1,567)		271,343		821,374		149,639
Miscellaneous		14,234								59,450
Transfers		(458,904)		416,096		(583,900)		3,490,000		3,150,000
Total business-type activities	-77 -07	340,713		1,459,879	=	843,142	_	5,252,582	_	3,359,089
Total primary government general revenues and transfers	S	16,122,684	\$	18,861,033	\$	18,378,133	\$	21,266,342	\$	18,630,421
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$	3,351,121	\$	7,420,437	\$	16,133,053	\$	18,549,529	S	9,584,068
Business-type Activities	_	4,830,314	_	14,139,646	_	12,123,333	_	12,206,132	_	15,235,521
Total primary government	\$	8,181,435	\$	21,560,083	\$	28,256,386	\$	30,755,661	\$	24,819,589

⁽¹⁾ Amounts for rents and royalties previously included in general revenues have been reclassified and included in charges for services.

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

	l .	June 30, 2012		June 30, 2013		June 30, 2014	_	June 30, 2015	_	June 30, 2016
General Fund										
Nonspendable Committed	S	193,477	\$	118,278	\$	84,927	\$	70,953		
Unassigned	 	(4,816,915)		(1,712,616)	_	3,132,210	_	10,010,548	\$	15,194,230
Total general fund	\$	(4,623,438)	\$	(1,594,338)	\$	3,217,137	\$	10,081,501	\$	15,194,230
Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable										
Restricted	\$	45,444	\$	45,443	\$	4,010,776	\$	6,828,039	\$	5,003,607
Committed		6,953,188		5,669,829		551,094		715,099		797,279
Assigned						306,008		316,766		331,349
Unassigned	22		_		_			(41,980)	-	27,348
Total other governmental funds	_\$	6,998,632	S	5,715,272	\$	4,867,878	\$	7,817,924	\$	6,159,583

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

(Unaudited)

		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2021
General Fund										
Nonspendable Committed			S	253,763	\$	247,099 2,000,000	\$	232,410 1,600,000	\$	257,197 7,070,482
Unassigned	\$	16,856,840		20,752,960		21,672,733	_	22,725,687	_	17,259,206
Total general fund	\$	16,856,840	\$	21,006,723	_\$_	23,919,832	\$	24,558,097	_\$_	24,586,885
Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable									\$	11,747
Restricted	\$	4,785,214	\$	11,076,263	\$	13,490,247	\$	17,018,472		21,139,407
Committed		765,035		1,640,821		2,284,820		5,028,497		16,656,974
Assigned		355,314		387,409		1,764,768		1,804,141		
Unassigned	-	2,192,868	_				_		_	
Total other governmental funds	S	8,098,431	\$	13,104,493	\$	17,539,835	\$	23,851,110	\$	37,808,128

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2012	(June 30, 2013		June 30, 2014		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2016
Revenues	ATF	200							
Taxes	\$ 3,082,446	s	4,175,885	\$	3,142,158	\$	3,347,544	\$	3,472,919
Licenses, permits, franchise fees and other fees	2,030,996		1,430,857		3,307,428		1,874,742		2,934,692
Charges for services	4,158,188		4,539,551		5,386,072		4,767,405		4,738,101
Intergovernmental	13,860,690		13,135,562		12,737,105		17,258,798		13,313,745
Fines and forfeitures	1,114,961		852,462		761,949		722,333		630,097
Rents and royalties	6,208,520		7,386,933		10,010,356		20,195,303		10,178,581
Miscellaneous	143,330		246,783	_	1,099,142	_	358,296		616,764
Total revenues	30,599,131		31,768,033	_	36,444,210		48,524,421	_	35,884,899
Expenditures									
Current									
General government	4,498,301		4,975,304		4,108,907		4,297,912		3,901,962
Public safety	9,462,064		9,698,822		10,784,650		10,525,571		10,227,360
Judicial	563,195		624,015		709,467		713,965		819,870
Public works	3,543,957		3,218,171		3,766,313		4,034,181		4,010,303
Culture and recreation	4,988,961		5,025,371		5,440,161		5,500,341		5,775,779
Community support	559,687		1,279,996		1,207,266		972,231		957,368
Capital outlay	8,182,191		5,526,939		2,054,752		7,590,906		4,012,157
Debt service									
Principal payments	1,446,633		562,027		1,846,601		5,311,701		247,517
Interest	342,120		234,699	_	268,504		187,006	_	420000 #10 PM
Total expenditures	33,587,109		31,145,344		30,186,621		39,133,814		29,952,316

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued) (Unaudited)

	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,987,978)	622,689	6,257,589	9,390,607	5,932,583
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets Proceeds from capital leases	V	40,943 175,300	354,859 363,500	773,639 186,000	262,875
Insurance recoveries Contingency Transfers in Transfers out	4,144,066 (2,089,066)	4,288,246 (4,033,246)	3,122,438 (4,757,438)	1,799,392 (2,335,228)	1,631,690 (4,369,760)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,055,000	471,243	(916,641)	423,803	(2,475,195)
Change in Fund Balances	\$ (932,978)	\$ 1,093,932	\$ 5,340,948	\$ 9,814,410	\$ 3,457,388
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	7.04%	3.11%	7.52%	17.43%	0.95%

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
Revenues	4 7	16.			
Taxes	\$ 3,896,958	\$ 2,968,317	\$ 2,976,382	\$ 3,233,740	\$ 3,379,809
Licenses, permits, franchise fees and other fees	1,318,149	2,352,389	2,822,332	4,170,048	3,109,567
Charges for services	4,345,677	4,635,906	4,996,190	4,295,822	4,857,682
Intergovernmental	12,633,276	15,622,113	22,083,147	30,150,898	17,138,745
Fines and forfeitures	548,048	689,144	683,759	574,522	708,081
Rents and royalties	11,666,926	11,697,609	13,917,417	14,624,849	21,945,419
Miscellaneous	310,250	365,697	2,237,517	938,950	273,298
Total revenues	34,719,284	38,331,175	49,716,744	57,988,829	51,412,601
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	4,486,253	4,781,683	5,168,823	4,461,850	4,684,230
Public safety	10,880,140	11,626,186	13,308,607	13,755,509	14,406,499
Judicial	790,753	812,336	938,585	1,062,162	1,084,552
Public works	4,649,642	4,700,110	5,094,558	5,493,145	6,896,749
Culture and recreation	5,528,793	5,905,138	6,200,498	5,763,955	5,835,511
Community support	991,685	720,909	951,716	1,188,129	2,262,934
Capital outlay	4,350,495	3,139,663	11,584,786	18,872,851	1,902,462
Debt service					
Principal payments	240,394	102,863	110,813	110,813	106,401
Interest					4,412
Total expenditures	31,918,155	31,788,888	43,358,386	50,708,414	37,183,750

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	2,801,129	6,542,287	6,358,358	7,280,415	14,228,851
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,601,129	0,342,267	0,338,338	7,280,413	14,226,651
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from disposal					0000 t 100
of capital assets	151,142	3,098,983	87,814	3,317,226	2,881,413
Proceeds from capital leases			319,379	11.405	25 542
Insurance recoveries				11,405	25,542
Contingency Transfers in	1.108.904	1,083,904	6,941,325	6,594,150	12,224,546
Transfers out	(650,000)	(1,500,000)	(6,357,425)	(10,084,150)	(15,374,546)
Total other financing sources (uses)	610,046	2,682,887	991,093	(161,369)	(243,045)
Change in Fund Balances	\$ 3,411,175	9,225,174	\$ 7,349,451	\$ 7,119,046	\$ 13,985,806
	0.87%	0.36%	0.35%	0.35%	0.31%

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Real F	roperty	Personal	Property	Т	otal	Ratio of Assessed Value to
For the Year Ended June 30,	Taxable Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Estimated Actual Value (1)
2012	\$ 460,999,422	\$1,317,141,206	\$ 96,239,929	\$ 274,971,226	\$ 557,239,351	\$1,592,112,432	35.00%
2013	441,767,621	1,262,193,203	147,886,042	422,531,549	589,653,663	1,684,724,752	35.00%
2014	417,058,456	1,191,595,589	159,081,325	454,518,071	576,139,781	1,646,113,660	35.00%
2015	458,269,063	1,309,340,180	218,335,378	623,815,366	676,604,441	1,933,155,546	35.00%
2016	485,952,647	1,388,436,134	202,875,805	579,645,157	688,828,452	1,968,081,291	35.00%
2017	487,095,462	1,391,701,320	254,780,134	727,943,240	741,875,596	2,119,644,560	35.00%
2018	499,869,162	1,428,197,606	259,077,729	740,222,083	758,946,891	2,168,419,689	35.00%
2019	511,339,005	1,460,968,586	253,768,585	725,053,100	765,107,590	2,186,021,686	35.00%
2020	558,078,063	1,594,508,751	258,192,279	737,692,226	816,270,342	2,332,200,977	35.00%
2021	585,432,616	1,672,664,617	264,763,664	756,467,611	850,196,280	2,429,132,229	35.00%

Source - Clark County Assessor's Office.

(1) Pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes, the taxable assessed value is 35% of estimated actual value.

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

		Overlapping Rates (1)									
	City of Boulder	State of	Clark County School	Clark	Special						
For the Year Ended June 30,	City	Nevada	District	County	Districts	Total (2)					
2012	0.2600	0.1700	1.3034	0.6541	0.1595	2.5470					
2013	0.2600	0.1700	1.3034	0.6541	0.1755	2.5630					
2014	0.2600	0.1700	1.3034	0.6541	0.2030	2.5905					
2015	0.2600	0.1700	1.3034	0.6541	0.2030	2.5905					
2016	0.2600	0.1700	1.3034	0.6541	0.2039	2.5914					
2017	0.2600	0.1700	1.3034	0.6541	0.2236	2.6111					
2018	0.2600	0.1700	1.3034	0.6541	0.2239	2.6114					
2019	0.2600	0.1700	1.3034	0.6541	0.2222	2.6097					
2020	0.2600	0.1700	1.3034	0.6541	0.2222	2.6097					
2021	0.2600	0.1700	1.3034	0.6541	0.2222	2.6097					

Source - State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's "Local Government Finance Redbook."

(1) Overlapping tax rates are those that apply to property owners within the City of Boulder City. Not all special district overlapping tax rates apply

to property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special districts.

The State of Nevada Constitution has a maximum rate limit of \$5 per \$100 assessed value and Nevada Revised Statutes further lowers the limit to a total combined tax rate of 3.64.

Principal Property Taxpayers Current and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2021				2012	
	Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Sempra Generation (Eldorado Energy, Copper							
Mountain Solar projects)	\$ 178,961,739	1	21.05%	\$	76,510,085	1	13.73%
Southern Power (Boulder Solar Power projects)	37,027,351	2	4.36%				
Techren Solar LLC	26,241,722	3	3.09%		4,554,014	3	0.82%
Nevada Solar One	12,968,490	4	1.53%		32,192,580	2	5.78%
Caesars Entertainment Corp (Cascata Golf Course)	8,076,838	5	0.95%		3,811,297	2	0.68%
CenturyLink	3,369,542	6	0.40%				
Francis Carringtion	2,572,775	7	0.30%		1,859,235	8	0.33%
Gingerwood Mobile Home Park	2,513,455	8	0.30%		2,159,448	7	0.39%
Storybook Homes LLC	2,288,132	9	0.27%				
Motorsports Management Incorporated	2,168,601	10	0.26%				
Lido & Laila Paglia (including Lido Construction Company, Inc) AMC Property Holdings (includes Boulder Inn & Suites, Boulder City Trailer Park, Mario & A Caruso					2,337,761	5	0.42%
Revocable Family Trust, and Stanley K Holdings LLC)					2,285,184	6	0.41%
RPS Homes					1,842,647	9	0.33%
Elois Veltman (includes Storage Plus and Storage Plus LLC)			:- 	_	1,817,025	10	0.33%
	\$ 276,188,645		32.49%	\$ 1	129,369,276		23.22%

Source - Clark County Assessor's Office

(1) Pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes, the taxable assessed value is 35% of estimated actual value.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended June 30,		Tax Levy		Current Tax Levy Collections	Percent of Tax Levy Collected		Delinquent Tax Levy Collections		Total Tax Levy Collected	Percent of Total Tax Levy Collected	Outstanding Delinquent Tax Levy	
2012	\$	1,655,230	\$	1,655,209	100.00%	S	16	\$	1,655,225	100.00%	\$	5
2013		1,491,079		1,490,985	99.99%		89		1,491,074	100.00%		5
2014		1,448,142		1,448,060	99.99%		77		1,448,137	100.00%		5
2015		1,400,745		1,398,848	99.86%		1,892		1,400,740	100.00%		5
2016		1,343,831		1,340,810	99.78%		3,016		1,343,826	100.00%		5
2017		1,414,751		1,406,675	99.43%		7,775		1,414,450	99.98%		301
2018		1,376,643		1,347,681	97.90%		26,321		1,374,002	99.81%		2,641
2019		1,514,596		1,491,598	98.48%		18,694		1,510,292	99.72%		4,304
2020		1,705,693		1,667,366	97.75%		29,894		1,697,260	99.51%		8,433
2021		1,950,516		1,931,561	99.03%		-ec.0580949004		1,931,561	99.03%		18,955

Source - Clark County Comptroller's Office.

Note: In 2021, the City reviewed and, when applicable, retrospectively updated information reported herein.

Utility Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				Total				Total				
For the Year Ended June 30,		Electric	Water	v	Vastewater	 Refuse and Landfill	_	Charges for Services		Other		Utility Revenue
2012	\$	14,130,461	\$ 6,029,921	\$	1,386,531	\$ 1,210,234	S	22,757,147	\$	838,087	\$	23,595,234
2013		13,745,996	5,117,469		1,379,204	1,149,262		21,391,931		417,335		21,809,266
2014		13,376,872	5,349,490		1,386,448	1,267,648		21,380,458		168,763		21,549,221
2015		13,597,563	6,329,867		1,451,558	1,377,147		22,756,135		214,775		22,970,910
2016		12,867,172	6,923,725		1,397,124	1,332,685		22,520,706		163,736		22,684,442
2017		14,592,610	8,776,839		1,654,657	1,458,967		26,483,073		169,208		26,652,281
2018		16,268,341	9,934,340		2,024,585	1,435,866		29,663,132		222,194		29,885,326
2019		16,705,951	11,546,916		2,290,144	1,524,087		32,067,098		132,088		32,199,186
2020		16,848,041	11,845,742		2,367,174	1,579,727		32,640,684		133,727		32,774,411
2021		17,069,862	14,119,096		2,616,604	1,597,512		35,403,074		51,604		35,454,678

Source - City of Boulder City, Finance Department.

Note: In 2021, the City reviewed and, when applicable, retrospectively updated information reported herein.

Largest Utility Customers Current and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

			2021				2012	
		Utilities Billed	Rank	Percentage of Total Utility Revenue		Utilities Billed	Rank	Percentage of Total Utility Revenue
City of Boulder City	\$	1,930,964	1	5.45%	\$	424,252	8	1.80%
Vici Properties		1,705,415	2	4.81%				
Clark County School District		861,333	3	2.43%		408,975	2	1.73%
State of Nevada		726,099	4	2.05%		263,072	4	1.11%
National Park Service		540,852	5	1.53%		231,180	7	0.98%
Red Mountain RV Park		523,984	6	1.48%		146,409	10	0.62%
Nevada Solar One		453,428	7	1.28%		280,236	3	1.19%
Rosendin Electric		429,921	8	1.21%				
Albertson's		301,050	9	0.85%		238,743	6	1.01%
Canyon Trail RV Park		268,390	10	0.76%				
Harrah's Entertainment		55				981207	1	4.16%
Von's Companies, Inc						245,984	5	1.04%
Boulder City Hospital						190,016	9	0.81%
	s	7,741,437		21.83%	s	3,410,074		14.45%

Source - City of Boulder City, Finance Department.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Government	al A	ctivities	Bus	iness	s-type Activit	ies				
For the Year Ended June 30,	 Golf Course Revenue Bonds		Capital Leases	Utility Revenue Bonds		General Obligation otes Payable		Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income *	Per Capita (1)
2012	\$ 7,175,000	\$	110,445	\$ 31,355,000	\$	6,512,727	\$	19,380	\$ 45,172,552	(2)	2,946
2013	6,690,000		208,718	30,590,000		5,979,167		- 144-6	43,467,885	(2)	2,758
2014	5,035,000		380,614	29,820,000		5,419,356			40,654,970	(2)	2,600
2015			287,636	29,020,000		3,454,070			32,761,706	(2)	2,096
2016			340,495	28,392,000					28,732,495	(2)	1,817
2017			100,101	27,511,681					27,611,782	(2)	1,694
2018				26,165,000					26,165,000	(2)	1,623
2019			208,566	25,130,320					25,338,886	5.05%	1,595
2020			106,401	23,495,000					23,601,401	4.74%	1,458
2021				21,749,000					21,749,000	3.63%	1,349

Source - City of Boulder City, Finance Department.

(1) See the "Demographic and Economic Statistics" table for personal income and population data.

(2) Information not available for the City of Boulder City.

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

For the Year Ended June 30,	(H	otal Debt Excluding oital Leases)	100 40 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		Total General onded Debt	Percentage of Estimated Actual Property Value (1)	Per Capita (2)	Amount Available to Repay General Bonded Debt	Net General Bonded Debt	
2012	\$	45,042,727	\$ (38,530,000)	\$	6,512,727	0.41%	425	(3)	\$	6,512,727
2013		43,259,167	(37,280,000)		5,979,167	0.35%	379	(3)		5,979,167
2014		40,274,356	(34,855,000)		5,419,356	0.33%	347	(3)		5,419,356
2015		32,474,070	(29,020,000)		3,454,070	0.18%	221	(3)		3,454,070
2016		28,392,000	(28,392,000)							
2017		27,511,681	(27,511,681)							
2018		26,165,000	(26, 165, 000)							
2019		25,130,320	(25,130,320)							
2020		23,495,000	(23,495,000)							
2021		21,749,000	(21,749,000)							

Source - City of Boulder City, Finance Department.

(1) See the "Assess and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property" table for estimated actual property value data.

(2) See the "Demographic and Economic Statistics" table for personal income and population data.

(3) No amounts were restricted for the repayment of general bonded debt.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt (1) June 30,2021 (Unaudited)

	Outstanding Debt	Percent Applicable	1	Applicable Direct and Everlapping Debt
City of Boulder City (3)		100.00%		
Overlapping governments Clark County Clark County School District	\$ 1,797,436,029 2,826,400,000	0.05% 0.55%	s	898,718 15,641,298
Total overlapping governments	4,623,836,029		_	16,540,016
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 4,623,836,029		\$	16,540,016

Source - State of Nevada, Department of Taxation, "Annual Local Government Indebtedness Report" and "Clark County Treasurer tax rates by district."

(1) Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City of Boulder City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issued and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident; and therefore, responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

⁽²⁾ At year end, the City of Boulder City does not have any governmental activities debt.

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Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Total taxable assessed property value	\$ 557,239,351	\$ 589,653,663	\$ 576,139,781	\$ 676,604,441	\$ 688,828,452
Legal debt margin Legal debt limit (30% of taxable assessed property value)	\$ 167,171,805	\$ 176,896,099	\$ 172,841,934	\$ 202,981,332	\$ 206,648,536
Debt applicable to debt limit Net general bonded debt (1)	6,512,727	5,979,167	5,419,356	3,454,070	
	\$ 160,659,078	\$ 170,916,932	\$ 167,422,578	\$ 199,527,262	\$ 206,648,536
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	3.90%	3.38%	3.14%	1.70%	

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Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued) (Unaudited)

June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
\$ 741,875,596	\$ 758,946,891	\$ 765,107,590	\$ 816,270,342	\$ 850,196,280
\$ 222,562,679	\$ 227,684,067	\$ 229,532,277	\$ 244,881,103	\$ 255,058,884
\$ 222,562,679	\$ 227.684.067	\$ 229,532,277	\$ 244,881,103	\$ 255,058,884
	\$ 741,875,596 \$ 222,562,679	\$ 741,875,596 \$ 758,946,891 \$ 222,562,679 \$ 227,684,067	2017 2018 2019 \$ 741,875,596 \$ 758,946,891 \$ 765,107,590 \$ 222,562,679 \$ 227,684,067 \$ 229,532,277	2017 2018 2019 2020 \$ 741,875,596 \$ 758,946,891 \$ 765,107,590 \$ 816,270,342 \$ 222,562,679 \$ 227,684,067 \$ 229,532,277 \$ 244,881,103

Source - City of Boulder City, Finance Department.

(1) See the "Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding" table for the calculation of net general bonded debt.

Pledged Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended June 30,	- YIV	perating evenue	Operating Expenses	Net Operating Revenue		Accrued Interest	Local Sales and Jse Taxes
2012	\$ 2	4,996,292	\$ 18,146,417	\$ 6,849,875	S	3,236	\$ 587,052
2013	2	3,984,595	17,271,746	6,712,849		472,470	620,537
2014	2	4,027,369	21,181,996	2,845,373		457,165	686,131
2015	2	4,964,456	20,897,804	4,066,652		438,314	721,960
2016	2	2,684,442	20,057,295	2,627,147		413,019	742,013
2017	2	6,652,281	18,506,614	8,145,667		395,000	780,717
2018	2	9,886,898	16,089,075	13,797,823		403,333	973,480
2019	3	3,160,667	19,700,091	13,460,576		372,169	1,072,968
2020	3	3,712,887	22,497,996	11,214,891		40,333	895,405
2021	3	5,454,678	22,300,910	13,153,768		40,333	942,423

Pledged Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued) (Unaudited)

		Amount ailable for		De	bt Service (1)			
For the Year Ended June 30,	Del	ot Service	Principal	_	Interest	9.5	Total	Coverage
2012	S	7,440,163	\$ 5,965,549	\$	2,010,958	S	7,976,507	0.93
2013		7,805,856	3,530,000		1,613,207		5,143,207	1.52
2014		3,988,669	3,570,000		1,565,872		5,135,872	0.78
2015		5,226,926	3,285,286		1,738,926		5,024,212	1.04
2016		3,782,179	4,289,070		1,230,461		5,519,531	0.69
2017		9,321,384	870,000		1,192,957		2,062,957	4.52
2018	1	5,174,636	1,150,000		1,173,159		2,323,159	6.53
2019	1	4,905,713	1,210,000		1,096,022		2,306,022	6.46
2020	1	2,150,629	1,460,000		665,410		2,125,410	5.72
2021	1	4,136,524	1,746,000		483,997		2,229,997	6.34

Source - City of Boulder City, Finance Department.

(1) Debt service includes amounts applicable to pledged revenue bonds reported in the general and utility funds.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended June 30,	Population	Per Capita Income (1)	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate (2)
2012	15,335		2,004	12.30%
2013	15,759		1,956	10.10%
2014	15,635		1,948	7.90%
2015	15,627		1,904	6.90%
2016	15,813		1,864	5.25%
2017	16,298		1,766	5.25%
2018	16,121		1,777	4.50%
2019	15,887	\$ 31,589	1,766	4.50%
2020	16,188	30,754	1,800	18.00%
2021	16,127	37,191	1,836	6.80%

Sources -

Population - State of Nevada

Per capita personal income - U.S. Census Bureau

School enrollment - Clark County School District

Unemployment rate - State of Nevada, Employment Agency

⁽¹⁾ Per capita personal income information not available for the City of Boulder City prior to 2019. The 2019 and 2020 per capita personal income in

past 12 months (in 2017 dollars). The 2021 per capita personal income in past 12 months (in 2019 dollars).

[2] Information presented is for Clark County, information limited to the City of Boulder City is not tracked. The significant increase in 2020 is due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Principal Employers Current and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

	2021		2012	
	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank
Bureau of Reclamation	550	1	300	1
City of Boulder City	255	2	152	4
Boulder City Hospital	255	3	142	5
Southern Nevada Veterans Home	240	4		
Lake Mead National Recreation Area	232	5	243	2
Clark County School District	180	6	155	3
Albertson's, Inc	120	7	92	7
Fisher Space Pen	60	8	55	10
Scenic Airlines	50	9		
Boulder Dam Credit Union	44	10		
Vons Companies			80	8
U.S. Department of Energy, Western Area Power Administration			77	9
Papillon Airways, Inc			105	6

Source - City of Boulder City, Finance Department.

Full-time Equivalent City Employees by Function and Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

Functions/Programs	June 30, 2012 (1)	June 30, 2013 (1)	June 30, 2014 (1)	June 30, 2015 (1)	June 30, 2016 (1)
Governmental Activities					
General government	17.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0
Public safety	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Judicial	66.0	64.0	64.0	65.0	65.0
Public works	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0
Culture and recreation	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
Community support	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Business-type Activities					
Electric	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0
Water and wastewater	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
Utility administration and billing (2)					
Aviation	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0
Total full-time equivalent city employees	153.0	152.0	152.0	154.0	154.0

Full-time Equivalent City Employees by Function and Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Functions/Programs	June 30, 2017 (1)	June 30, 2018 (1)	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities					
General government	18.0	18.0	26.0	23.3	27.0
Public safety	4.0	4.0	6.2	6.7	5.8
Judicial	65.0	65.0	125.9	116.2	79.8
Public works	23.0	23.0	33.9	35.2	36.0
Culture and recreation	9.0	9.0	32.5	27.7	15.4
Community support	4.0	4.0	5.5	5.0	7.0
Business-type Activities					
Electric	19.0	19.0	18.0	15.7	12.0
Water and wastewater	9.0	9.0	14.6	13.5	10.0
Utility administration and billing (2)			7.0	8.7	10.8
Aviation	3.0	3.0	3.6	3.7	4.0
Total full-time equivalent city employees	154.0	154.0	273.2	255.7	207.8

Source - City of Boulder City, Finance Department.

(1) Prior to 2019, part-time and overtime hours were not included in the full-time equivalent city employees calculation. A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year including vacation.

⁽²⁾ Prior to 2019, utility administration and billing was included in water and wastewater or electric.

Operating Indicators by Function and Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

Functions/Programs	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Governmental Activities					
General government (1)					
Active business licenses					
Number of public records requests					
Public safety					
Citations	6,030	6,232	6,104	6,300	6,150
Police calls for service	23,720	23,887	20,007	24,023	21,500
EMS responses	1,822	1,733	1,822	1,800	1,750
Fire responses (3)	370	425	370	380	370
Technical rescue responses (3)					
Hazardous materials responses (3)					
Other fire service calls (3)					
Judicial					
Average charges filed per day	26	15	17	17	14
Public works					
Lane miles of street maintenance	87	87	87	87	87
Acres of landscaping maintained (2)	92	92	92	92	92
Facilities maintained	78	79	79	79	79
Culture and recreation				20	
Parks and recreation special interest class registrations	2,200	2,999	3,107	3,162	3,891
Community support				50	
Building inspections (4)	2,651	3,063	7,229	3,457	3,397
Plans reviewed	485	578	170	323	323
Permits issued	530	557	499	544	486

Operating Indicators by Function and Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Functions/Programs	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Business-type Activities					
Electric					
Kilowatt hours (kwh) purchased	171,183,698	170,073,781	171,774,719	173,492,264	173,492,264
Average purchased power (cost/kwh)	\$ 0.034	\$ 0.032	\$ 0.036	\$ 0.037	\$ 0.037
Water					
Acre feet of water distributed	12,927	12,920	12,989	12,902	12,902
Water meter repairs	750	760	770	780	770
Water service repairs	123	125	130	125	130
Wastewater					
Line cleaned (feet)	115,000	114,000	114,500	114,500	114,500
Line location (call before you dig)	1,423	1,414	1,430	1,440	1,425
Acre feet of water treated	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600

Operating Indicators by Function and Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Functions/Programs	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities					
General government					
Active business licenses					2,110
Number of public records requests					675
Public safety					
Citations	6,150	6,150	6,750	4,469	4,785
Police calls for service	21,500	21,500	18,124	16,768	19,594
EMS responses	1,750	1,750	1,913	2,071	1,555
Fire responses	370	370	554	320	46
Technical Rescue Responses					76
Hazardous Materials Responses					10
Other Fire Department Service Calls					304
Judicial					
Average charges filed per day	9	10	14	11	13
Public works					
Lane miles of street maintenance	87	87	-81	89	89
Acres of landscaping maintained (2)	92	92	110	132	240
Facilities maintained	79	79	84	97	97
Culture and recreation					
Parks and recreation special interest class registrations	3,354	3,285	2,975	2,146	1,677
Community support					180
Building inspections	3,367	3,707	7,367	4,744	4,505
Plans reviewed	269	364	307	375	441
Permits issued	484	947	743	555	565

Operating Indicators by Function and Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Functions/Programs	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
Business-type Activities					
Electric					
Kilowatt hours (kwh) purchased	173,492,264	173,492,264	158,926,000	156,185,000	164,426,276
Average purchased power (cost/kwh)	\$ 0.037	\$ 0.040	\$ 0.043	\$ 0.036	\$ 0.034
Water					
Acre feet of water distributed	12,902	12,902	9,848	10,003	10,920
Water meter repairs	770	770	454	346	388
Water service repairs	130	130	36	26	97
Wastewater					
Line cleaned (feet)	114,500	114,500	27,500	29,550	33,100
Line location (call before you dig)	1,425	1,425	1,481	1,615	1,500
Acre feet of water treated	1,600	1,600	1,232	1,273	1,288

Source - Various City of Boulder City departments.

Note: In 2021, the City reviewed and, when applicable, retrospectively updated information reported herein.

(1) Prior to 2021, general government statistics were not reported.

⁽²⁾ Prior to 2019, only acres of turf maintained was reported.

Beginning in 2021, fire responses were tracked and reported in more detail.

The significant increase in 2020 building inspections is due to two new single-family residential communities and other new projects.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function and Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

Functions/Programs	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Governmental Activities					
General government (1)					
City Area (sq. miles)					
Leased land (acres)					
Public safety					
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1
Judicial					
Courthouses	1	1	1	1	1
Public works					
Streets (lane miles)	87	87	87	87	87
Traffic signals	3	3	3	3	
Culture and recreation					
Parks and recreation special interest					
class registrations	2,200	2,999	3,107	3,162	3,891
Community support			8050000	18957401750	
Park acreage	111	111	111	111	111
Parks	17	17	17	17	17
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	6	6	6	6	6
Recreation centers	1	1	1	1	1
Golf Courses	2	2	2	2	2

Capital Asset Statistics by Function and Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued) (Unaudited)

Functions/Programs	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Business-type Activities					
Electric					
Electrical lines (miles)	148	148	148	148	148
Substations	7	7	7	7	7
Water					
Water mains (miles)	122	122	122	122	122
Wastewater					
Sewage treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1
Sewer lift stations	3	3	3	3	3
Sanitary sewer lines (miles)	69	69	69	69	69

Capital Asset Statistics by Function and Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued) (Unaudited)

Functions/Programs	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities					
General government (1)					
City Area (sq. miles)			209	209	209
Leased land (acres)			9,982	10,780	10,780
Public safety					
Citations	1	1	1	1	1
Police calls for service	1	1	1	1	1
Judicial					
Average charges filed per day	1	1	1	1	1
Public works					277
Streets (lane miles)	87	87	81	81	81
Traffic signals	3	3	3	3	3
Culture and recreation					
Parks and recreation special interest					
class registrations	3,354	3,285	2,975	2,146	1,677
Community support	10.05(15.44)	4054450	322003	= 12 5 (2,10)	8.500
Park acreage	111	111	111	111	111
Parks	17	17	17	17	17
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	6	6	6	6	6
Recreation centers	1	1	1	1	1
Golf Courses	2	2	2	2	2

Capital Asset Statistics by Function and Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Functions/Programs	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	
Business-type Activities				50.		
Electric						
Electrical lines (miles)	148	148	148	150	150	
Substations	7	7	7	7	7	
Water						
Water mains (miles)	122	122	126	124	124	
Wastewater						
Sewage treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	
Sewer lift stations	3	3	3	3	3	
Sanitary sewer lines (miles)	69	39	84	84	84	

Source - Various City of Boulder City departments.

Note: In 2021, the City reviewed and, when applicable, retrospectively updated information reported herein.

(1) Prior to 2019, general government statistics were not reported.

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Business License Fees (Unaudited)

Schedule of Business License Fees For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

As required by Nevada Revised Statues (NRS) 354.624, Section 4(a), all fees imposed by a local government are subject to the provisions of NRS 354.5989. A local government may adopt new business license fees only if the revenue from the fees is less than the prescribed calculated maximum.

Fees Calculated on a Flat or Fixed Rate

Business license revenue for the year ended June 30, 2020 (base year)		\$	228,148
Adjustment to base year			
Percentage change in local government population	-0.36%		
Percentage change in Consumer Price Index			
_	1.04%		
Total adjustment to base year		_	2,373
Adjusted business license revenue base for the year ended June 30, 2021			230,521
Business license revenue for the year ended June 30, 2021			359,315
Amount over (under) allowable maximum (1)		\$	128,794

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the individual business license fee charged remained the same as the base year; however, there was an increase in the number of business licenses issued during the year.

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